R/V BROOKS MCCALL CRUISE REPORT

DEEPWATER HORIZON

May 7 - 12, 2010

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A. INTRODUCTION

The Deepwater Horizon MC 252 explosion occurred at approximately 11:00 PM on 20 April, 2010 with 126 crewmembers aboard. Eleven crewmembers lost their lives in the explosion and resulting fire. The rig burned for three days before collapsing. As a result of the structural failure of the rig, there was an uncontrolled and continuous release of oil from the riser.

The riser from the Deepwater Horizon rig is lying on the bottom of the Gulf of Mexico in 5000 feet (1524 m) of water and oil is jetting out at an estimated rate of 5000 barrels (210,000 gallons) per day. The source of oil is currently not under control.

The plume from the main source is a mixture of gas, oil and entrained water. The oil droplets are relatively large, on the order of several millimeters. The plume width increases slowly as the mix moves to the surface while the oil droplets separate from the gas. The oil reaches the sea surface in approximately three hours, forming a thick oil film that weathers and emulsifies, plus a larger sheen area of much reduced thickness, all of which threatens shoreline and nearshore habitats and resources. These impacts may be mitigated if the oil can be contained and recovered or burned and/or if the oil can be dispersed. Targeted aerial dispersant spray operations to protect the shoreline are underway, but subsurface injection of dispersant near the release point is also an option.

A preliminary period of injection indicated that such an approach may work. There are, however, a number of uncertainties concerning the physical processes which will govern mixing, effectiveness, and dispersion of the plume. As a result, a test plan was developed to allow for a 24-hour dispersant injection and monitoring operation. The monitoring objectives are:

- Confirm location and extent of the subsurface plume.
- Determine how much oil (total PAH) remains in the dispersed plume.
- Collect physical oceanographic data to validate the sub-surface dispersed plume model.

B. INJECTION OPERATIONS

The objective of the operation is to use aerial and boat monitoring to determine if the subsea dispersant injection operation is chemically dispersing the oil plume. The summary of the test parameters includes:

- Dispersant injection began at 04:30 on May 10, 2010 and ended at 03:30 on May 11, 2010.
- Pumped rate of dispersant = 10 gal/min
- Pumped a total of 11,560 gallons
- Delivery method into riser was improved upon from earlier tests by inserting the dispersant wand directly into the riser.

C. CRUISE OVERVIEW

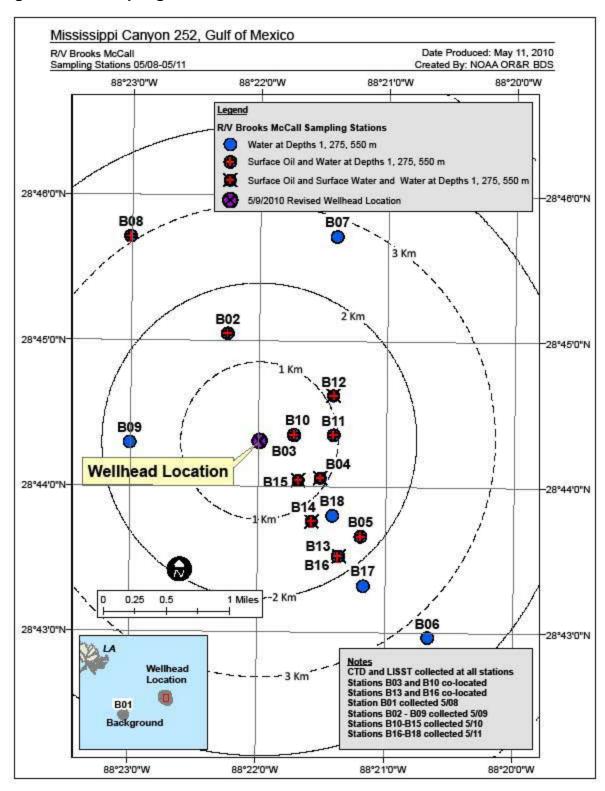
Section prepared on May 12, 2010 by Dr. Don Aurand, EM&A Figure prepared by Ben Shorr, NOAA

The R/V Brooks McCall departed Port Fourchon, LA on the evening of May 7, 2010. On May 8, 2010 the vessel was engaged in planning operations, crew orientation, and operational checks of all equipment. After shakedown, one control sample station was occupied. On May 9, 2010 the vessel was instructed to transit to the vicinity of the release point and begin survey work. A total of eight sample series (labeled B02 through B09) were taken that day. On May 10, a series of six sample sets (labeled B10 through B15) were collected, based on estimates provided by the Area Command Environmental Team of the location where dispersed oil might reach the surface as a result of the subsea injection. On May 11, three additional sample sets (labeled B16 through B18) were taken in the same vicinity. Two sets were taken at the same coordinates (B3 on May 9 and B10 on May 10: B13 on May 10 and B16 on May 11). The locations of all samples and the data collection are shown in Figure C-1.

As described in detail in Section J, on May 10 the LISST instrument was deployed on a fixed boom. A long transect run on May 10 with the instrument deployed was repeated for comparative purposes on May 11. The ship's track is shown in Section J.

At noon on May 11 the vessel ceased data collection. We returned to Port Fourchon, arriving early on the morning of May 12.

Figure C-2 - Sampling Locations



D. FIELD SAMPLING PROTOCOLS AND OBSERVATIONS

Section prepared on May 12, 2010 by Jennifer Cragan, ASA and Andrew McQueen and John Williams, Entrix

Electronic data from water column profiling equipment and discrete water column samples were collected for analysis. The following is a description of the general sampling plan for the scientific team aboard the RV Brooks McCall, with brief summaries of any changes that were made to the initial plan as a result of onboard analyses or shifting priorities.

Grab samples will be collected for surface oil (where present), and discrete seawater samples will be collected using three 4 liter Niskin bottles at approximately 1 meter, 275 meters, and 550 meters below the water surface. The discrete samples will be analyzed immediately for dissolved oxygen and oil droplet size number and distribution, and preserved for total petroleum hydrocarbon and uv-fluorescence measurements.. Water column profiling to a maximum possible depth of 550 m using a Seabird 19 Plus will be performed and profile data will be collected for conductivity, temperature and depth using an SBE 25 Sealogger CTD and density will be calculated. The electronic data from these profiles will be recorded at each station. Samples will be logged in an electronically generated chain of custody form with appropriate labeling.

Roles and Responsibilities

During the field sampling campaign, Andrew McQueen (Entrix) and John Williams (Entrix) will be retrieving sample water and filling the appropriate sample jars. Robyn Conmy (EPA) and Blake Schaeffer (EPA) will be coordinating the acquisition and interpretation of the fluorescence data. Robyn Conmy will also be assisting in the measurement of dissolved oxygen. Ken Lee (Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada, for EPA) and Zhengkai Li (Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada, for EPA) will be analyzing water samples for particle size distribution using a Laser In-Situ Scattering and Transmissometry (LISST) 100X, manufactured by Sequoia, Scientific. Paul Kepkay (Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada, for EPA) will be collecting samples and preserving them for subsequent uv-fluorescence analysis using a Shimadzu R5301 scanning fluorometer. Ben Shorr (NOAA) and Blake Schaeffer (EPA) are coordinating GIS data logging and electronic data management. Jennifer Cragan (ASA, for NOAA) is coordinating the sampling plan and assisting as needed with its execution. Don Aurand, Chief Scientist, is directing the scientific party.

Sampling details and order of sample collection

- Discrete dissolved oxygen will be collected first, and delivered to the laboratory for analysis. Dissolved oxygen samples will be collected according to standard practice and will be analyzed immediately using a LaMotte Dissolved Oxygen Water Quality Test Kit #5860.
- 2. Two 4 ounce certified clean glass jars with Teflon inserts will be filled and delivered for LISST particle size distribution. The LISST samples may be used to

- inform additional sampling efforts. One-half inch (½") of headspace will be left in the jar.
- 3. The remaining sample volume from these two jars will be delivered for preservation at 4 °C and subsequent uv-fluorescence measurement. Paul Kepkay will take custody of these samples.
- 4. A 1 liter certified clean amber glass jar will be used to collect a one liter sample for total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) analysis. These samples will be stored at 4 °C and one inch (1") of headspace will be left.
- 5. Two additional 4 ounce certified clean glass jars will be collected and handled according to the procedure outlined in steps 2 and 3 above. These samples will be used as a means of determining whether there is gradation within the Niskin bottle which would affect the quantity and distribution of any oil collected within the Niskin bottle.
- 6. An additional liter of seawater will collected and handled according to the procedure outlined in step 4.

Entrix staff will complete chain of custody forms and take custody of discrete samples collected except where samples are consumed and analyzed underway or earmarked for specialized measurement. Additional samples may be collected as needed or directed.

May 8, 2010

Samples collected were to test the CTD sampling equipment and to acquire a background set of samples that were believed to represent clean, non-oiled, water. Three Niskin bottles were attached to a rosette and triggered at predetermined depths using a transducer. The target depths were 550 meters, 275 meters, and 1 meter below the water surface. Water samples were collected for dissolved oxygen (DO), total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) and uv-fluorescence.

May 9, 2010

Water samples were collected for stations B02 through B09. Surface water samples were collected for some station locations from the port side of the ship using a bucket. These samples were collected where there appeared to be oil present that was of greater concentration than sheen. Samples for surface oil were collected by either submerging 8 ounce glass jar and collecting surface oil or taking a clean sorbent pad and attempting to sorb and skim oil off the surface for qualitative analysis. Samples for LISST and uv-fluorescence analysis were collected by submerging two 4 ounce jars while still closed below the surface, opening them, and resealing them below the surface. The sampling bucket was decontaminated using Dawn detergent and fresh water from the ship supply, and decontamination water was thrown back into the water. For discrete water samples from the Niskin, the protocol was modified to collect three (3) 1 L amber glass jars where visible sheen was present on the water surface inside the Niskin bottle, and to collect two (2) 1 L amber glass jars from all other Niskin bottles. The quantity of water samples collected for LISST and uv-fluorescence analysis were generally the same as for TPH analysis. Beginning with station B08, due to the fact

that the particle size count and distribution results did not appear to show a significant difference amongst duplicate samples collected from the same Niskin bottle, fewer LISST and uv-samples were collected than for TPH samples.

May 10, 2010

Water samples were collected for stations B10 through B15. Water sample collection protocols were modified with one TPH sample collected per Niskin bottle and typically 2 LISST and uv-fluorescence samples collected. Duplicate DO samples were collected for several stations and the additional samples were analyzed using an Extech DO handheld meter.

May 11, 2010

Water samples were collected for stations B16 through B18. DO samples were analyzed using the LaMotte colorimetric kit, and duplicate DO samples were collected for deep water samples and analyzed using the Extech handheld meter. Two LISST/uvfluorescence samples were taken per Niskin bottle, and 1 TPH sample. In-situ fluorescence measurements were collected between stations using a Turner C3 fluorometer deployed from the starboard side while the boat was transiting at approximately 1 meter depth. A second LISST 100X was attached to a boom and deployed off the port side of the boat at 09:30 CST to collect particle size data at approximately 3 meters depth. As a result of this, bucket decontamination procedures were altered and the buckets were wiped with sorbent pads, but no detergents were used. Packaging procedures included clear packaging tape over labels, and electrical tape sealing each bottle cap. Containers were placed in 1 gal Ziploc bags then wrapped in bubble wrap and duct taped. Containers were then placed in original shipping box with cardboard dividers. Each box was then sealed in a trash bag and placed in ice chests on top of sealed Ziploc bags containing ice. Trip blanks were included in each oft the 5 ice chests, and each chest was custody sealed at time of transfer.

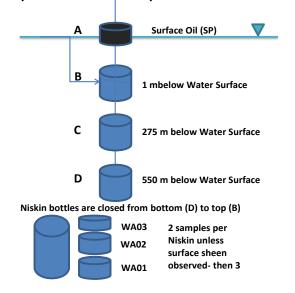
May 12, 2010

TPH samples were delivered according to Entrix Chain of Custody protocols, to be delivered to LSU for subsequent analysis. These samples were received by LSU as of 7:00 CST.

A summary of sample labeling protocols and a matrix of the number of samples collected per each station is attached as Figure D-1. A summary of surface observations are presented in Table D-1.

Figure D-1. Summary of Sampling Scheme and Number of Samples Collected

Sample ID = Station + Depth Interval + "-" + Matrix + Sample ID



		05/08/10		05/09/10					05/10/10					05	/11/	10			
		B01	B02	B03	B04	B05	B06	B07	B08	B09	B10	B11	B12	B13	B14	B15	B16	B17	B18
	DO																		
	SP		2		2	2			1		2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
	LISST-UV				1						1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	TPH				1							1	1	1	1	1		1	
	DO	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	SP																		
	LISST-UV	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	TPH	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		4	4	4	1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	1	4	1	-	4	4	4
	DO	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
	SP LISST-UV		2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	TPH				2	2	2	_				1						1	
	IPH		2	2		2		1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Т	1
	DO	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
	SP																		
	LISST-UV	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	TPH	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stat	ion Totals	11	17	15	21	19	17	13	13	13	15	17	16	16	17	18	16	15	14

DO	61
SP	21
LISST-UV	114
TPH	87
All	283

Table D-1. Summary of Surface Observations

Table D-1. Summary of Surface Observations									
Date	Time	Station	Notes/Observations						
5/8/2010	17:09	B01	No visible oil at surface.						
			No visible slicks at surface but numerous tarballs. Sizes range						
5/9/2010	7:30	B02	from roughly the size of a Clementine to a navel orange.						
5/9/2010	9:27	B03	No visible slicks near boat. No visible tarballs.						
			Industrial hygienist recorded VOC peaks around 37 - 41 ppm but						
5/9/2010	10:09	B03	not sustained.						
			Surface oil present at station appears brownish- orange in color.						
5/9/2010	10:09	B04	It appears that oil is surfacing here (from note for Station B05)						
			Oil at the surface appears maroon in color. VOCs in the air are						
5/9/2010	13:11	B05	ranging from 10 - 15 ppm.						
5/9/2010	13:25	B05	Surface oil was described as rainbow sheen and weathered, emulsified oil. (Don Aurand and Ken Lee). The weathered, emulsified oil was very clearly visible and covered a significant portion of the surface water. Surface waves appeared to have brown caps instead of the usual white caps.						
0,0,00		B06 -							
5/9/2010	15:06	B07	The ship appears to be sailing through emulsified weathered oil.						
5/9/2010	16:38	B07	Sheen on the surface with some visible emulsified oil, but mostly just visible sheen (rainbows) on the surface. Sea state appears calmer.						
5/9/2010	17:35	B08	While trying to collect bucket sample, it appeared as if oil droplets were bubbling up to the surface. Sampling crew attempted to collect a bucket - directed to skip surface grab sample at this location						
5/9/2010	18:40	B09	Ship's technical crew observed bubbling oil. It was visible on both the port and starboard sides of the boat. Air bubbles appeared to linger at the surface for several seconds (3 - 7 seconds).						
5/9/2010	18:46	B09	Chief scientist explained that for the port side of the side, the boat appeared to be acting as a boom and collecting the oil against the side of the boat. This phenomenon appears to be occurring on the starboard side of the boat, and more vigorously, though this could be a transient phenomenon. Small droplets are surfacing and creating rainbow sheen at the surface. Some subsurface emulsified oil is present.						
E/10/2010	11:00	P10	1mm - 2mm tarballs and milky strands of mucous-like material with yellow and orange colored bits at some of the edges. It						
5/10/2010	11:00	B10	may be biological in origin, but it is unclear.						
5/10/2010	11:28	B10	Still seeing patches of the milky, stringy material and some emulsified oil.						
5/10/2010	12:02	B11	Surface bucket samples have small tarballs and similar mucous-like material that stays intact when disturbed.						
5/10/2010	12:55	B12	VOC concentrations are spiking around 43 ppm, but are not persistent.						
5/10/2010	13:10	B12	Very heavy black oil at surface. Forms a very thick interface in the sample jar, roughly 1 cm for B12A-SP01A sample.						

Date	Time	Station	Notes/Observations
			Surface appears to be even oilier than Station B12. Bucket
5/10/2010	14:30	B13	samples are even thicker. Thick black oil at the surface.
			VOC levels appear to be somewhat lower. The air does not
5/10/2010	15:00	B13	smell as strongly as at station B12.
			Surface is heavily oiled, and appears to be essentially straight
			oil (ref: Ken Lee). The color and consistency looks to be that of
			used motor oil (10W-40). It is very dark to black. SP grab
			samples appear to have captured almost entirely oil, as there is
5/10/2010	15:30	B14	no clear separation or interface.
5/10/2010	16:00	B14	Air at station does not smell as strongly as at station B13.
			Sticky tar-like oil collected from the bucket sample. Globules,
5/10/2010	16:40	B15	not a consistent surface covering.
			Surface water has foamy white (with some orange) flocculates
5/11/2010	7:26	B16	which appear to contain some oil. Thin oil sheen on the surface.
			Very light sheen on water surface (port side) of boat, some
			surface material, but very little, that looks like the stringy mucous
5/11/2010	8:35	B17	like substance previously noted.
			Water surface on port side of boat has floating material, some
			round, some stringy, slightly orange in color. Not very dense in
5/11/2010	9:00	B17	distribution (a few per square meter of surface are)
			Crew/captain observed tuna swimming around the boat at some
			time during the CTD cast for B17. Current observation of water
			surface would not appear to indicate that a significant oil spill
5/11/2010	9:50	B17	was occurring. Light sheen (rainbows).
			Light sheen with some orange flocculates subsurface and milky
5/11/2010	9:50	B18	with some orange mucous/stringy material previously observed.
			Transiting through a very high VOC patch. Appeared to be
			heavy surface oil. Brown Waves. 15 minute STEL = 78.8 ppm
			VOC. Sheen and emulsified oil visible. Lots of rainbow sheen.
		post	Peak in VOCs of 151 ppm, not sustained. Unsure what time that
5/11/2010	11:15	B18	occurred.
		post	Now seeing somewhat less on the surface. VOCs appear to
5/11/2010	11:22	B18	lessening. Odor is significantly less.
		post	Very well developed wind rows of rainbow sheen visible off the
5/11/2010	11:35	B18	starboard side of the ship.
			Still in heavy oil sheen. Boat is heading west and it appears that
		post	we are still in the plume. Heavy sheen with stringy emulsified
5/11/2010	12:10	B18	patches.
			Still appear to be in heavy oil sheen. Boat is heading west and it
			appears that we are still in the plume. Heavy sheen with stringy
=/4.4/22.45	40.00	post	emulsified patches. Wind rows visible, length scale >100 m.
5/11/2010	12:39	B18	The emulsified oil visible in the wind rows is very orange, thick.
		post	
5/11/2010	14:00	B18	Samples in coolers placed on uppermost deck.
			Samples moved from deck to wheel house due to
F/44/0040	4.4.40	post	miscommunication regarding the helicopter arrangements and
5/11/2010	14:40	B18	arrival time to Brooks McCall.

E. DATA MANAGEMENT AND GIS

Section prepared on 5/12/2010 by Ben Shorr, NOAA Office of Response and Restoration

Data Management

Data collected as part of the response to the Mississippi Canyon 252 Incident aboard the R/V Brooks McCall is managed based on 2 types of collection: Station locations and continuous data. Data that was collected at 18 discrete stations from a SBE 25 Sealogger CTD (conductivity, temperature and depth) data, water sample information (for lab analysis), oil samples, Laser In-Situ Scattering and Transmissometry (LISST) analysis, and dissolved oxygen measurements. Water samples were collected in a SBE 55 ECO Water Sampler in a 3-bottle configuration. Continuous or underway data includes a LISST instrument that was towed on 05/10 and 05/11, and a Turner C3 Fluorometer (customized for oil, CDOM, and turbidity measurements) that was towed on 05/10 and 05/11. Turner C3 Fluorometer summary is included in Section G and LISST data is in Section J.

The data package for the May 8-12 R/V Brooks McCall cruise is stored in folders under \\Brooks_McCall\DataCollection\

Stations and Samples

Station and sample information is recorded in the spreadsheet Sampling_Tracking_Master.xls which includes worksheets detailing the sample information, a data dictionary, sampling naming conventions and a daily summary of stations and samples. Dissolved oxygen is the only analysis reported in this table. Coordinates are recorded in degrees decimal minutes (source from ship navigation) and converted into decimal degrees for use in mapping. CTD and LISST data are organized in individual folders by date and station (e.g. 2010_0508_B01\CTD, 2010_0508_B01\LISST), with QC files for the LISST stored in folder by day (e.g. LISST_QC_2010_0509)

Table E-1 Sampling Stations Geographic coordinates NAD83

StationID	Longitude	Latitude	Date Collected	Comment
	ŭ		_	
B01	-88.84203	28.55052		Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B02	-88.37082	28.75083		Surface Oil and Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B03 -88.36202 28.73919		5/9/2010	Water at Depths 1 275 550 m	
				Surface Oil and Surface Water and Water at
B04	-88.35855	28.73433	5/9/2010	Depths 1 275 550 m
B05	-88.35323	28.72767	5/9/2010	Surface Oil and Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B06	-88.34441	28.71615	5/9/2010	Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B07	-88.35667	28.76201	5/9/2010	Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B08	-88.38352	28.76188	5/9/2010	Surface Oil and Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B09	-88.38341	28.73828	5/9/2010	Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B10	-88.36204	28.73928	5/10/2010	Surface Oil and Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B11	-88.35688	28.73929	5/10/2010	Surface Oil and Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
				Surface Oil and Surface Water and Water at
B12	-88.35693	28.74379	5/10/2010	Depths 1 275 550 m
				Surface Oil and Surface Water and Water at
B13	-88.35602	28.72542	5/10/2010	Depths 1 275 550 m
				Surface Oil and Surface Water and Water at
B14	-88.35965	28.72938	5/10/2010	Depths 1 275 550 m
				Surface Oil and Surface Water and Water at
B15	-88.36140	28.73406	5/10/2010	Depths 1 275 550 m
B16	-88.35619	28.72539	5/11/2010	Surface Oil and Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B17	-88.35287	28.72202	5/11/2010	Water at Depths 1 275 550 m
B18	-88.35697	28.73002	5/11/2010	Water at Depths 1 275 550 m

Continuous or Towed Data

Turner C3 Fluorometer data is stored in folders by day (e.g. 2010_0510_Towfish) and is described in the Fluorometer section.

GPS and Photographic Data

GPS (Geographic coordinate) data was collected for much of the sampling effort using 2 Garmin 76CSx units (NOAA and Entrix). The track logs for these units contain coordinates and a time stamp, which can be used to plot the vessels track and also for georeferencing photographs. The NOAA GPS unit was used for the Turner C3 Fluorometer survey and may contain an incomplete track log for 05/11.

Geographic Information Systems (GIS) Analysis and Mapping

GIS data including shapefiles and ArcView GIS 9.3 projects (.mxd's) are stored in the following folder structure:

Brooks_McCall\GIS

Table E-2 GIS folder structure

Folder	Description
Analysis	Station locations, navigation and sample design
Arc_Projects	ArcMap .mxd projects
Base	Base data from various sources
Hydro_Bathy	Hydrographic data from various sources
Plume_Modeling	Conjecture for sample design

Generally, coordinate systems for the shapefiles are defined and is UTM Zone 16 North, Meters, NAD83. Coordinates were received from ship navigation in Degrees Decimal Minutes WGS84 and were converted to Decimal Degrees NAD83 for plotting in GIS. Due to the iterative and changing nature of ship-based sampling, there are several shapefiles that describe planned and actual sampling locations. The shapefile **stations_combined_2010_0511.shp** contains a summary of daily sampling locations and includes station ID, date of sample collection, Latitude and Longitude in Decimal Degrees NAD83, and a field describing the type of samples collected at that station. ArcMap projects were used for generating field sampling maps and summary maps for Area Command.

The most recent ArcMap project is tdi_brooks_mccall_sampling_all_2010_0512.mxd, and is at \\Brooks_McCall\GIS\Arc_Projects.

F. PHYSICAL OCEANOGRAPHY

Section prepared on May 12, 2010 by Eddie Webb, TDI-Brooks
Data compilation by Ben Shorr, NOAA

Water sampling on this cruise was done with a SeaBird Electronics (SBE) 55 ECO Water Sampler in a 3-bottle configuration. The bottles have a 4 liter capacity. It is integrated with an SBE 25 Sealogger CTD profiler. Both Instruments have the plastic housing option, with a 600 meter depth rating. The SBE 25 CTD has an 8 hz scan rate and uses an SBE 3F temp. sensor, and SBE 4C conductivity sensor. The SBE 55 is programmed to close bottles at selected depths, allowing deployment with the plasma rope installed on the Brooks McCall traction winch. The depths selected for deployment were 1 meters, 275 meters and 550 meters, based on the depth rating. All data presented in this report is raw, unprocessed data. CTD plots for all 18 stations are presented in Appendix A.

G. TURNER C3 TOWFISH FLUOROMETER SUMMARY

Section prepared on May 12, 2010 by Drs. Robyn N. Conmy and Blake A. Schaeffer, EPA

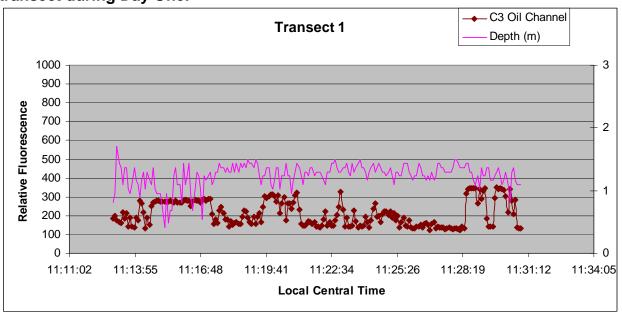
Objective

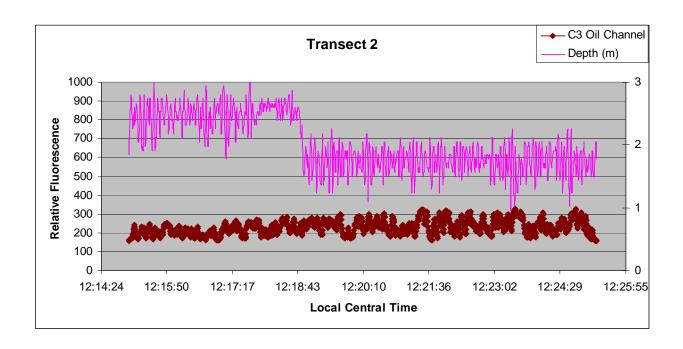
A Turner C3 towfish fluorometer was deployed to assist in identifying the presence of oil in waters of the Gulf of Mexico near the Deep Water Horizon oil rig. The fluorometer is customized with three fluorescence channels to detect the presence of oil, CDOM (Colored Dissolved Organic Matter), and turbidity. The sensor was deployed on two consecutive days, May 10 (Transects 1-5) and 11 (Transects 6-9), 2010 during the same period of time corresponding to deep water injections.

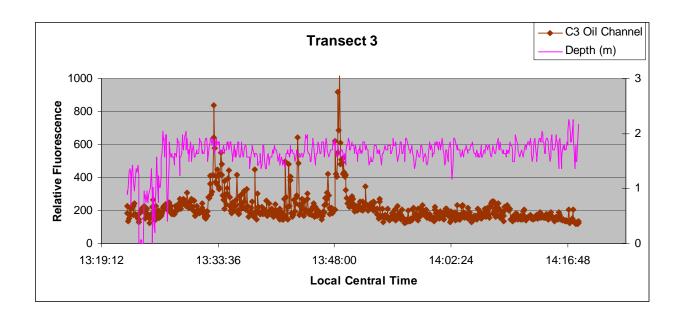
Day 1 transect data

The Turner C3 Towfish Fluorometer was deployed May 10 on the starboard A-frame and run continuously whilst transiting between CTD cast stations. Depth for fluorescence measurements was between 1-3 m at approximately 2 knots, to avoid surface bubble interference. Caution should be exercised when interpreting oil relative fluorescence as the signal changes with depth of deployment. No calibration files were provided with the sensor, so all data are reported as relative fluorescence counts. For data collected on the 5 transects (Figure G-1A,B,C), the oil detection channel ranged between 100-1200 counts, where most measurements were between 100-350 counts. Observed high values at transect 3 were coincident with an increase in turbidity values and at times, the CDOM fluorescence channel. All transect data is provided below.

Figure G-1A Turner C3 Oil Channel relative fluorescence and depth for each transect during Day One.







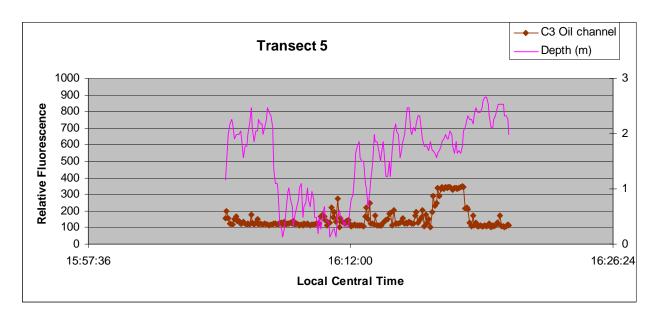
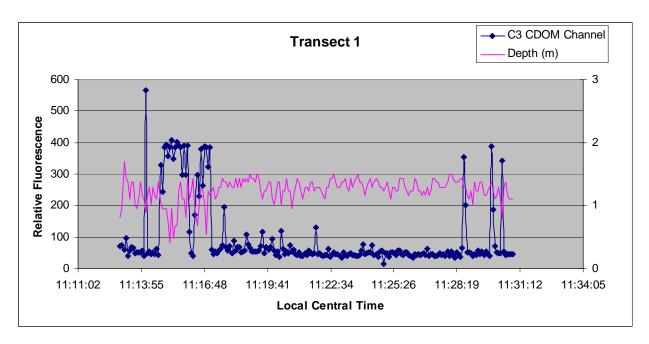
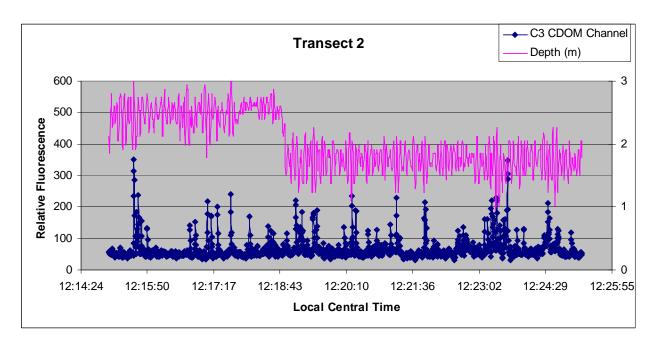
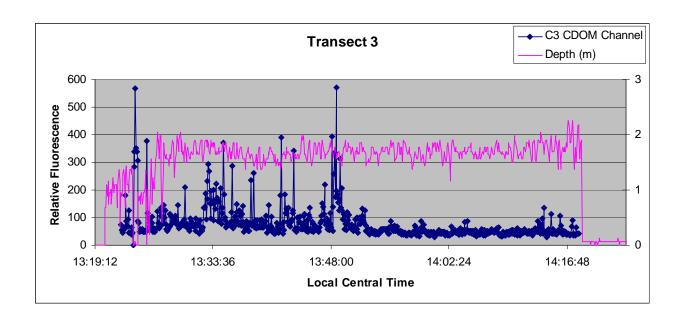


Figure G-1A (Cont.)

Figure G-1B Turner C3 CDOM Channel relative fluorescence and depth for each transect during Day One.







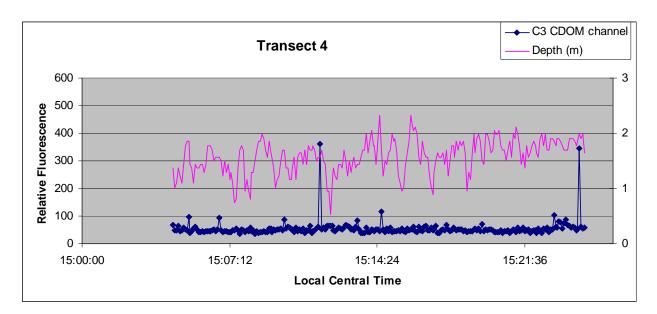


Figure G-1B (Cont.)

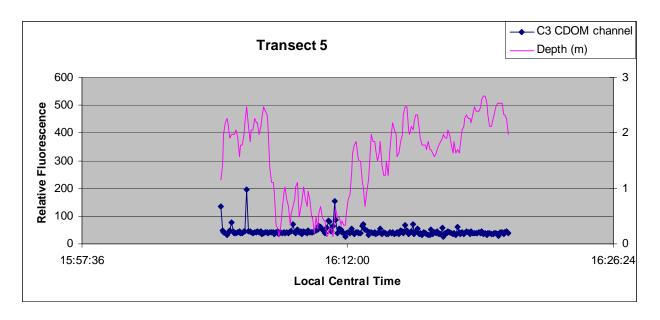
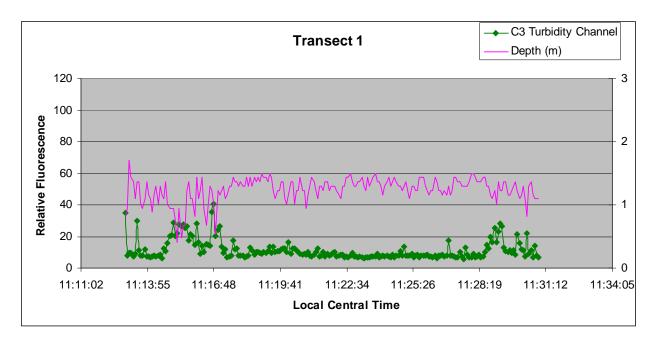
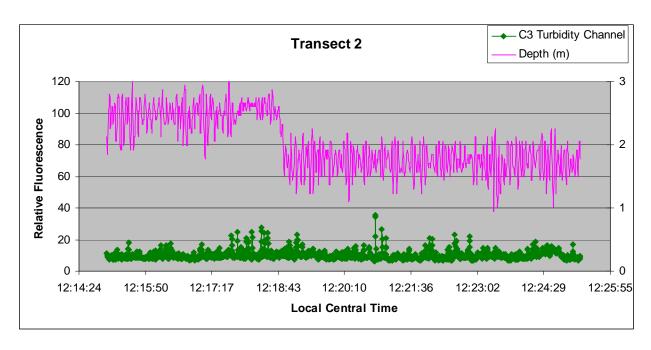
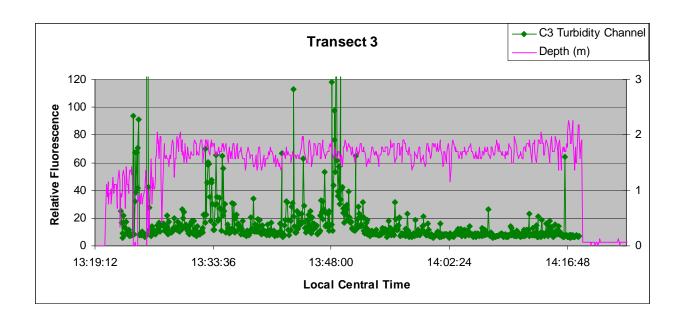


Figure G-1B (Cont.)

Figure G-1C Turner C3 Turbidity Channel relative fluorescence and depth for each transect during Day One.







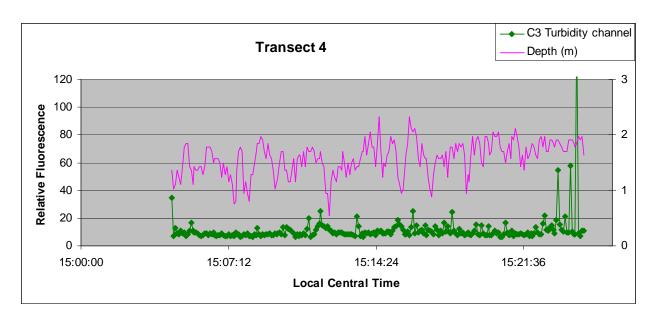


Figure G-1C (Cont.)

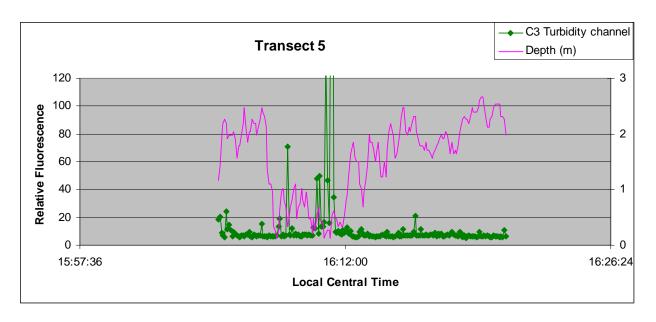


Figure G-1C (Cont.)

Day 2 transect data

On May 11, the fluorometer was deployed in the same fashion as May 10, 2010 from the R/V Brooks McCall. Three transects were collected (numbers 6, 7, and 8) as identified in Figure G-2A. During the first two transects, the oil fluorescence channel showed lower fluorescence values than the previous day. This could be the result of decreased oil but verification with discrete water samples would be needed to confirm this. Transect 8 shows counts similar to May 10, 2010 values. Increased noise in the depth sensor measurements were observed, which was not present the day before and could be the result of rougher sea state.

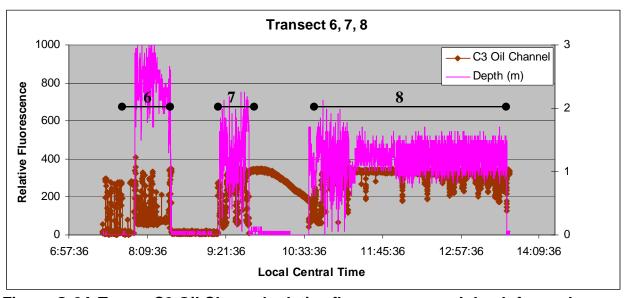


Figure G-2A Turner C3 Oil Channel relative fluorescence and depth for each transect during Day One.

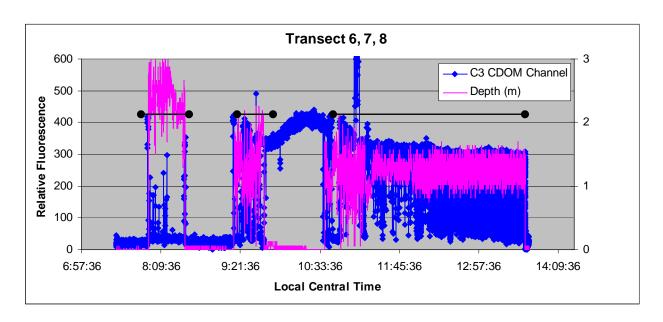


Figure G-2B Turner C3 CDOM Channel relative fluorescence and depth for each transect during Day One.

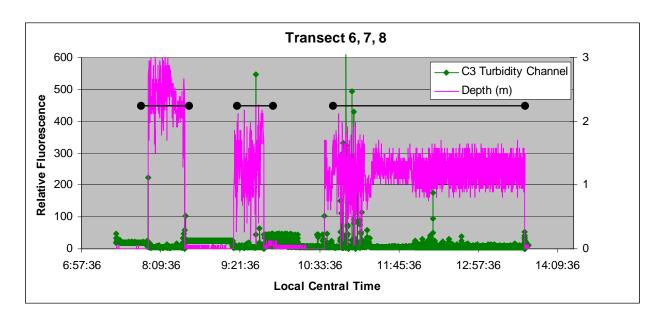


Figure G-2C Turner C3 Turbidity Channel relative fluorescence and depth for each transect during Day One.

H. WATER AND OIL SAMPLES FOR LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Section prepared on May 12, 2010 by Dr. Don Aurand, EM&A and Ben Shorr, NOAA

A total of 100 samples were collected for analysis of Total Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH). Eighty-one of these were water samples, and 19 were surface oil samples. Of these, 18 were identified for priority analysis as shown in Figure H-1.

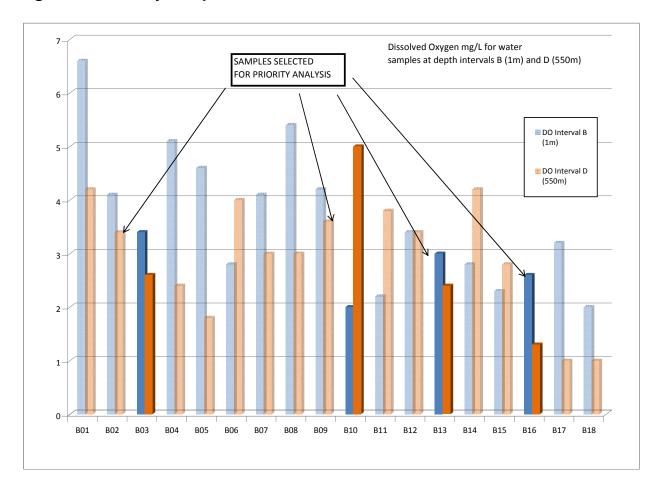


Figure H-1 Priority Samples

The complete sample log is presented in Appendix B.

Water samples were collected at 1 meter, 275 meter and 550 meter depths for every CTD cast. Except for the Control Station (B1 series samples), where the 275 m Niskin bottle did not fire, all three samples were obtained at every station. Multiple samples were taken from some bottles, as described in Section D, and summarized in Appendix B. In addition, 18 samples were selected for priority analysis, as listed in Table H-1.

Table H-1 Priority Analysis Samples

			Depth	Container		Depth_
Station	Sample ID	Matrix	Interval	Size	Date	m
	B01B-					
B01	A0508-W01	Water	В	1L	05/08/10	1.3
	B01D-		1_			
B01	A0508-W01	Water	D	1L	05/08/10	553.8
B03	B03B-WA01	Water	В	1L	05/09/10	0.3
	B03C-					
B03	WA01	Water	С	1L	05/09/10	272.7
	B03D-		1_			
B03	WA01	Water	D	1L	05/09/10	555.9
B10	B10A-SP01	Oil	Α	8 oz	05/10/10	0
B10	B10B-WA01	Water	В	1L	05/10/10	1.48
	B10C-					
B10	WA01	Water	С	1L	05/10/10	272.5
	B10D-					
B10	WA01	Water	D	1L	05/10/10	556.9
B13	B13A-SP01	Oil	Α	8 oz	05/10/10	0
B13	B13A-WA01	Water	Α	1L	05/10/10	0
B13	B13B-WA01	Water	В	1L	05/10/10	1.4
	B13C-					
B13	WA01	Water	С	1L	05/10/10	273
	B13D-					
B13	WA01	Water	D	1L	05/10/10	556
B16	B16A-SP01	Oil	Α	8 oz	05/11/10	0
B16	B16B-WA01	Water	В	1L	05/11/10	1.647
	B16C-					
B16	WA01	Water	С	1L	05/11/10	273.006
	B16D-					
B16	WA01	Water	D	1L	05/11/10	555.775

The rationale for their selection was as follows:

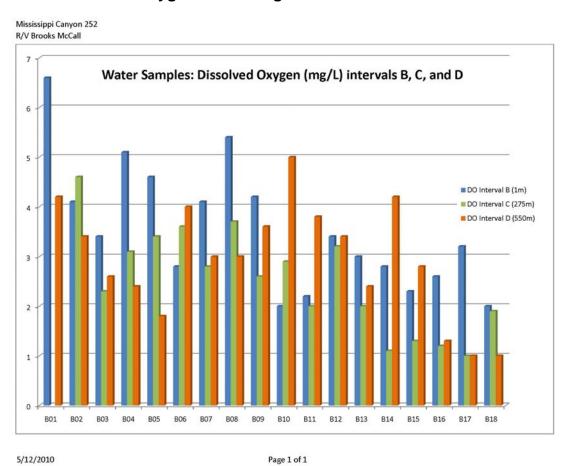
- 1. Samples starting with B1 were taken at our control station on 8 May.
- 2. Samples starting with B03 and B10 were taken at the same location. It is close to the well head location. B03 was taken on 9 May, and B10 was on 10 May (in the morning).
- 3. Samples starting with B13 and B16 were taken at the location we sampled based on the plume modeling results provided on 10 May. B13 was taken on 10 May (in the afternoon) and B16 was taken on 11 May.
- 4. Taken together, I believe these samples cover the period and areas of the most interest, and allow some site-specific comparison.
- 5. There are three surface oil samples and one bucket grab water sample associated with these samples and they are also included.

I. DISSOLVED OXYGEN FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Section prepared on May 12, 2010 by Dr. Robyn N. Conmy, EPA Figure by Ben Shorr, NOAA

A LaMotte dissolved oxygen kit was used to measure D.O. levels in mg/l on water samples removed from the Niskin bottles (see Section D for sampling methods). Analysis was conducted within 5 minutes of obtaining the water samples. Results are presented in Figure I-1.

Figure I-1 Dissolved Oxygen Monitoring Results



J. EVIDENCE OF DISPERSED OIL DROPLETS USING THE LISST-100X LASER PARTICLE ANALYZER

Section prepared on May 12, 2010 by Drs. Kenneth Lee, Zhengkai Li, Paul E. Kepkay

Centre for Offshore Oil, Gas and Energy Research (COOGER)

Bedford Institute of Oceanography

Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada

Dartmouth, Nova Scotia, Canada

Objective

In response to the Gulf of Mexico oil spill, at the request from US EPA, NOAA, USCG, and BP, scientists from DFO Canada have joined other experts on board vessel R/V Brooks McCall to conduct on site monitoring of dispersed oil in the surrounding area of the exploration platform. The mission objectives of the team are: (1) to verify the presence and chemical characteristics of dispersed oil at locations identified by predictive trajectory models (NOAA, SINTEF, etc.) and, (2) Conduct transects for the recovery of water column samples at discrete depths to identify and track the subsurface plume of oil released from depth following the Deepwater Horizon blow-out.

Methodology

Based on our expertises in oil spill chemical dispersion and evaluation of dispersant effectiveness, we have conducted field survey of the dispersed oil droplet size distribution analysis using 2 *in situ* scattering and transmissometry (LISST-100X, Sequoia Scientific Inc., Seattle, WA).

One LISST was equipped with a small test chamber (120 ml), and is used to conduct bench top particle size analysis in the Geochemistry lab on board the R/V Brooks McCall. Grab samples of surface waters were collected by "bucket casts" and 3 different depths in the water column (1m, 275m and 550m) were recovered by Niskin bottles on an autonomous rosette sampler from 18 different stations, including station 1 as a background, stations 2 to 9 (taken on May 9, 2010 before underwater injection of chemical dispersants), stations 10 to 15 (taken on May 10, 2010 after underwater injection of dispersant), and stations 16 to 18 (taken on May 11 the second day after injection of dispersant). These samples were immediately transferred into the test chamber of LISST-100X to perform particle size distribution analysis every 2 seconds for 40 seconds.

A 2nd LISST is deployed in water at the end of a transponder boom at approximately 5m depth off the port side of the R/V Brooks McCall for in situ particle size analysis. The LISST was deployed on May 10, 2010 for approximately 6 hours, and then redeployed on May 11, 2010 for about 8 hours.

A Shimadzu ultraviolet scanning fluorometer is currently in place at the BP Office at Port Fourchon to provide accurate estimates of the spectral characteristics of dispersed

versus non-dispersed oil. This information will hopefully be obtained by analysis of 200 samples on May 12th and the complex spectra reduced to simple ratios of fluorescence emission at 340 nm divided by emission at 445 nm. With these ratios, we will attempt to define if oil collected in the samples is poorly or well dispersed.

Results

LISST Particle Size Analyzer

The LISST-100X records 32 particle size intervals logarithmically spaced from 2.5-500 um in diameter, with the upper size in each bin 1.18 times the lower. Dispersed oil droplets of size less than or equal to 60 um are considered more permanently dispersed oil in the water column. For comparison, these dispersed small oil droplets is summed and plotted as a function of time. In addition, the mean and standard deviation of the 20 measures within 40 minutes was also summarized and presented for each station and depth.

Figure J-1 shows the bench-top measurement results of the mean dispersed oil droplets volume concentrations from the samples collected from a background station (station #1), which is approximately 50 miles away from the oil platform. Duplicate samples were collected from 1 m depth and 550 m depth, respectively. The average background small particle concentrations was about 0.5 ul/L at 1 m depth, and not significantly different from 0 at 550 m depth.

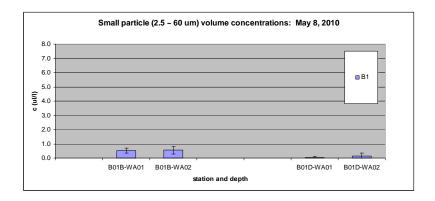


Figure J-1: Background particle concentrations measured from station #1, which is of 50 miles distance away from the drilling platform. Columns and error bars indicate mean and one standard deviation of 20 measurements.

Figure J-2 summarize the bench-top measurement results of the mean dispersed oil droplets volume concentrations of samples collected in the surrounding area of the oil platform for three days. These data illustrate that samples collected from surface water (collected by bucket) and 1m depth samples from all stations showed the presence of dispersed oil droplets (i.e. particles <60 um in diameter). The difference in <60 um particle count between the surface and 1 m samples varies from station to station. Low

concentrations of <60 um particles were observed in the 2 lower depths (275 and 550 m).

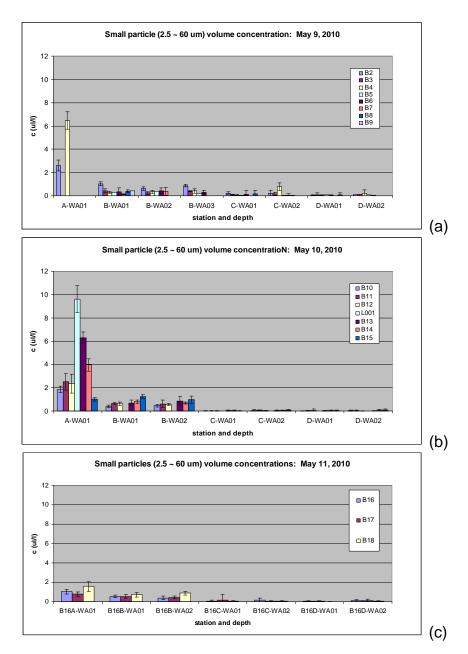


Figure J-2: Dispersed small oil droplets measured with bench-top LISST-100X particle size analyzer: stations 2 to 9 were sampled on May 9 (a), stations 10 to 15 were sampled on May 10, and stations 16-18 were sampled on May 11, 2010 (c). Columns and error bars indicate mean and one standard deviation of 20 measurements.

A second LISST-100X particle counter was deployed at a depth of about 5m on May 10, 2010 and May 11, 2010 from a transponder boom off the port side of the R/V Brooks McCall for continuous monitoring while simultaneously conducting a SMART protocol survey based on oil fluorescence. The instrument has been recovered for downloading

of data. Data were recovered from the instrument on May 12, 2010, and the raw data were processed.

Figure J-3 illustrates typical dispersed oil droplet distribution profiles that were measured on May 10, 2010 and May 11, 2010, respectively. This could be attributed to lower concentrations of residual oil on the ocean surface due to the addition of dispersants and/or differences in physical dispersion processes after May 11, 2010.

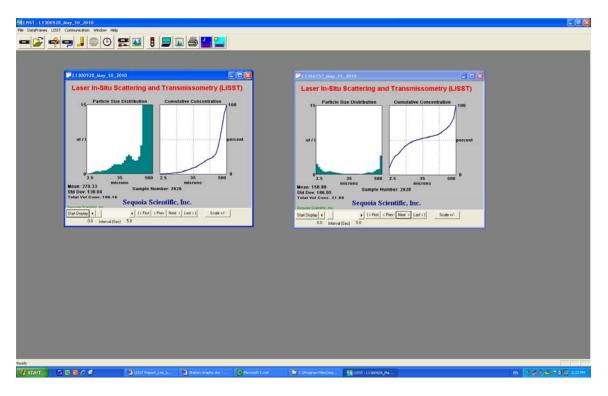


Figure J-3: Snapshots of the dispersed oil droplet size distribution measured with LISST-100X particle size analyzer deployed at the flank of the vessel. Detection window submerged approximately 5 m underwater. Left panel shows typical droplet size distribution of oil underwater measured on May 10, 2010; Right panel shows the droplet size distribution of oil underwater measured on May 11, 2010. Dispersant application commenced at 04:50 on May 10, 2010. NOAA predicted rise times for dispersed oil to take 15+ hours. Note the lower concentration of dispersed oil in the less than 60um fraction on May 11,2010 due to dilution.

Ultraviolet Fluorescence Analyses

A Shimadzu ultraviolet scanning fluorometer is located at the BP Office at Port Fourchon to provide accurate estimates of the spectral characteristics of dispersed versus non-dispersed oil. This information will be obtained by analysis of 200 samples beginning on May 12th and the complex spectra reduced to simple ratios of fluorescence emission at 340 nm divided by emission at 445 nm. With these ratios, we will attempt to define if oil collected in the samples is poorly or well dispersed. Results of the analysis were unavailable for this report.

When used in conjunction with the data on droplet size that has already been collected using the LISST laser particle counter, the results obtained with the fluorometer should provide a reasonably clear indication of the effect of dispersant.

The possibility of obtaining rapid feedback from fluorescence ratios measured onboard the R/V Brooks McCall awaits delivery of the two fixed wavelength fluorometers requested in the original science plan.

These preliminary results show that we could not detect a sub-surface plume of chemically dispersed oil at these stations.

Our results illustrate the capability of the LISST-100X to resolve particles in the size range expected for both physically and chemically dispersed oil.

The possibility of obtaining rapid feedback from fluorescence ratios measured onboard the R/V Brooks McCall awaits delivery of the two fixed wavelength fluorometers requested in the original science plan.

Figure J-4

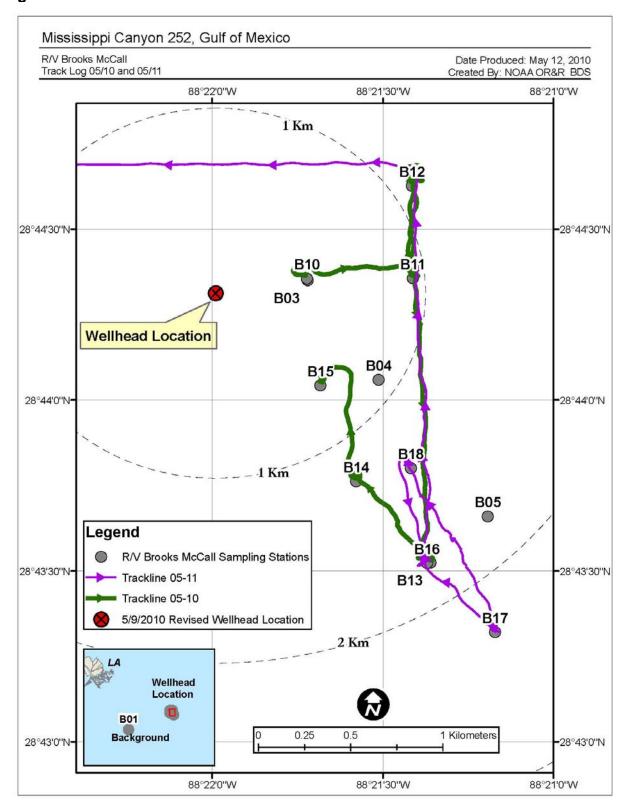
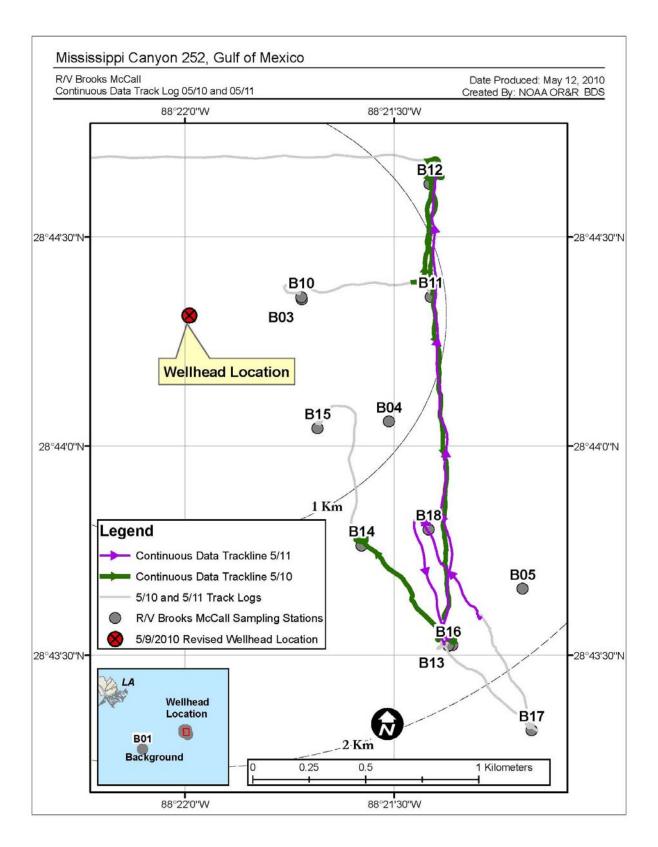


Figure J-5



K. Industrial Hygiene Monitoring

Section prepared on May 12, 2010 by Mike Caravello, Bureau Veritas NA

Bureau Veritas NA (BV) is pleased to present an overview of the direct-read monitoring performed aboard the research vessel the RV Brooks McCall from May 8 through May 11, 2010. The RV Brooks McCall is tasked with performing a survey to locate the dispersed oil plume in the waters surrounding the Deep Water Horizon Platform.

The survey involved the alternate deployment off the starboard midships of the CTD (Conductivity, Temperature and Depth) instrument and the Turner Tow-Fish C3 Flourometer via the installed U-frame installed. Skim bucket sampling was performed opposite this area on the midships port side and a LIST (Laser In-Situ Scattering and Transmissometry 100x) was affixed to the side to collect oil droplet data for oil droplets in the 2 to 20 micron range.

BV utilized a Rae Systems MultiRae Plus Quad Gas PID (photo-ionization) meter to collect direct-read measurements for Carbon Monoxide (CO), Carbon Dioxide (CO2), Oxygen (O2), Lower Explosive Limit (LEL), Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S), and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) during this portion of the survey. VOCs are a concern in and around petroleum and/or dispersion agents on the water. The instrument was placed in data log mode to generate a continuous record of the measurements. Additionally, a "rolling STEL (15-minute short-term exposure limit)" value is available for the last 15 minutes of logged values. For this work, an Action Level of 100 parts per million (ppm) was established based on the VOC STEL value. Meeting this condition would trigger collection of an additional measurement for Benzene.

BV has available an additional Rae Systems instrument for the measurement of Benzene. This instrument, the Ultra Rae PID, operates for high sensitivity measurements with analyte-specific tubes. A RAE-Sep tube manufacturer's number 012-3022-010 for Benzene has a sensitivity of 0.1 to 1000 ppm. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) for Benzene is 1 ppm. Should the VOC 100 ppm, 15 minute STEL Action Level occur and the subsequent Benzene tube reading be equal to or greater than 1.0 ppm, then the directive from BP Safety is to have everyone proceed to their cabins and the ship to leave the high level area.

BV logged direct-read measurement values on an hourly basis when instrumentation was being lowered over the side of the vessel, into the water, by the research team.

Calibration of the instrumentation is performed daily before each shift. This is accomplished using mixed compressed gas into a one liter Tedlar bag for the gas mix values and zeroing to ambient for the fresh air calibration portion.

The direct-read measurements of VOC for the duration of the test did not warrant Benzene measurements as a 100 ppm VOC STEL reading did not occur aboard the ship.

L. Aerial Data Collection

In the initial phases of dispersant injection, halfway through the injection and about 6 hours after the injection was stopped, aerial data of the spill site was obtained using photography in an attempt to understand if the impact of subsea dispersant injection could be observed at surface. Corresponding Side-Looking Acoustic Radar (SLAR) data was taken to identify the presence and thickness of oil on the surface of the water. The photos and SLAR images are shown in Figure L-1 to L-3.

Figure L-1

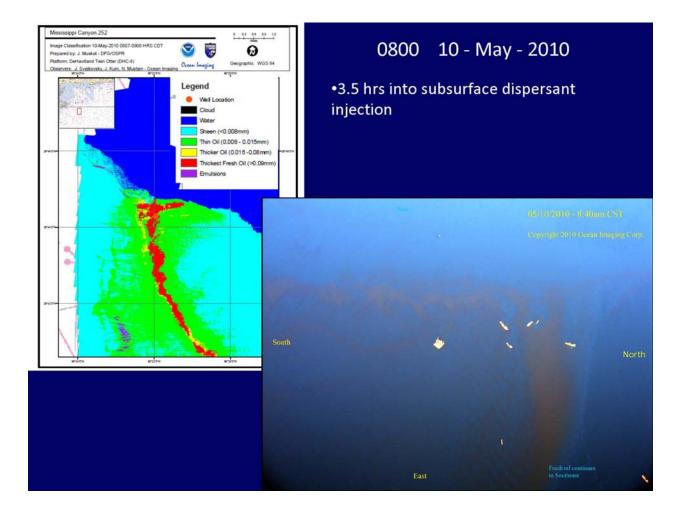


Figure L-2

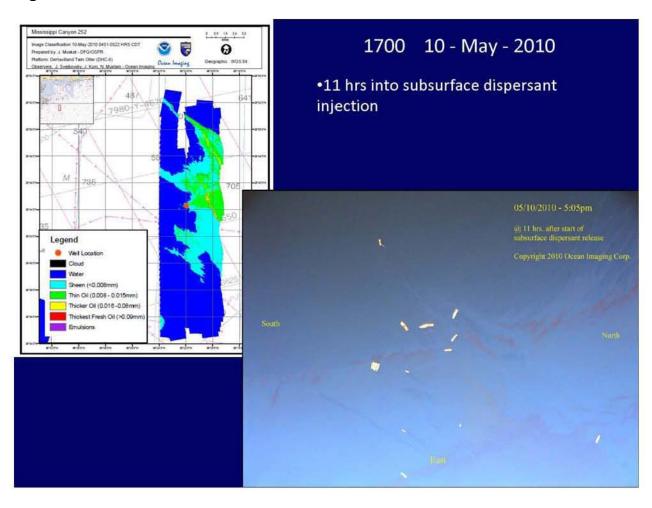
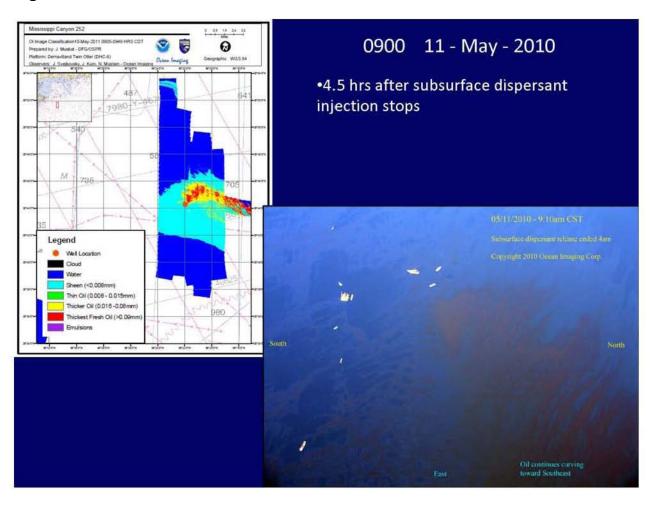
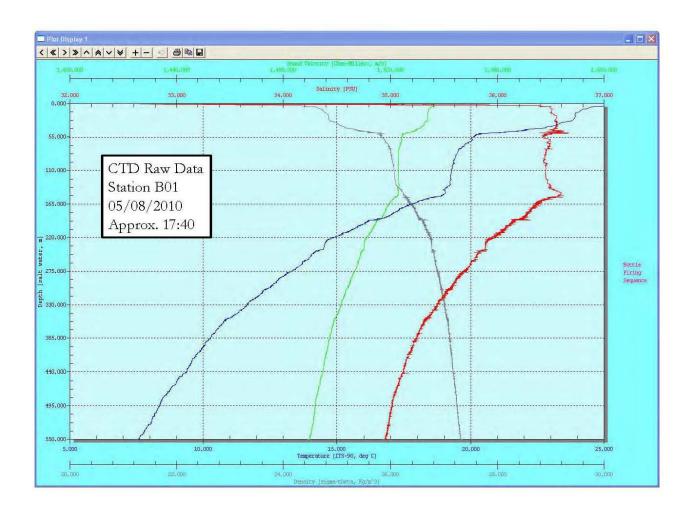
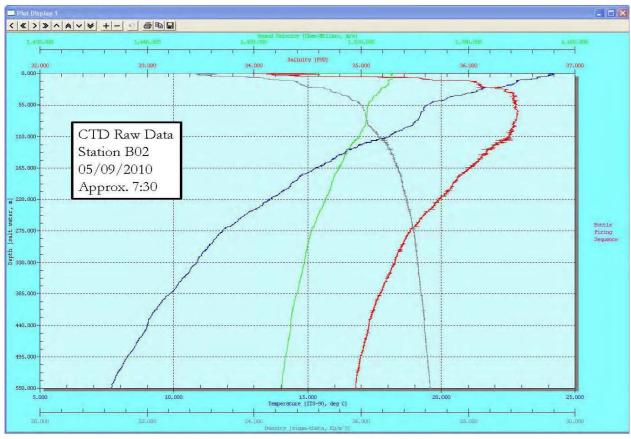


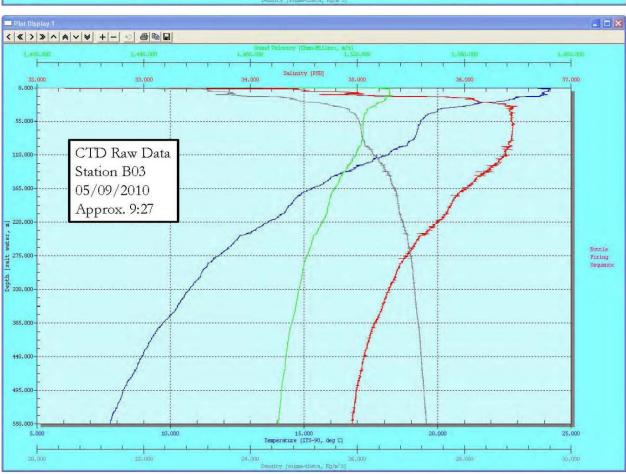
Figure L-3

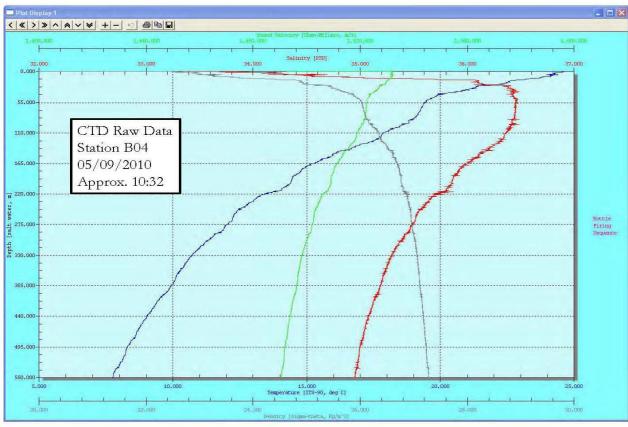


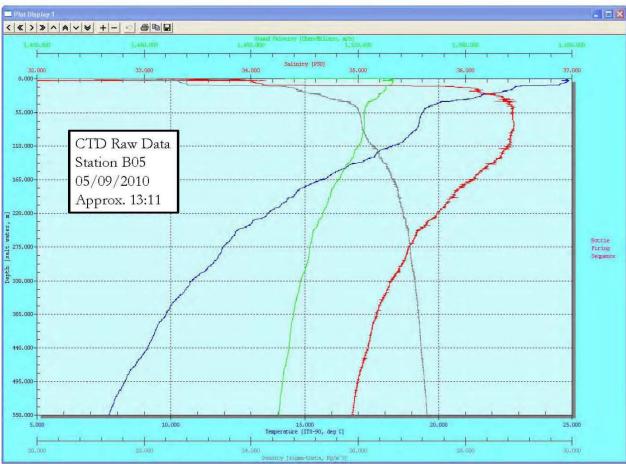
APPENDIX A CTD PROFILES

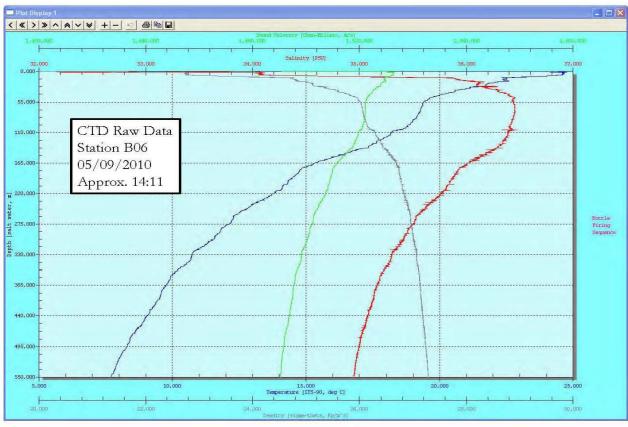


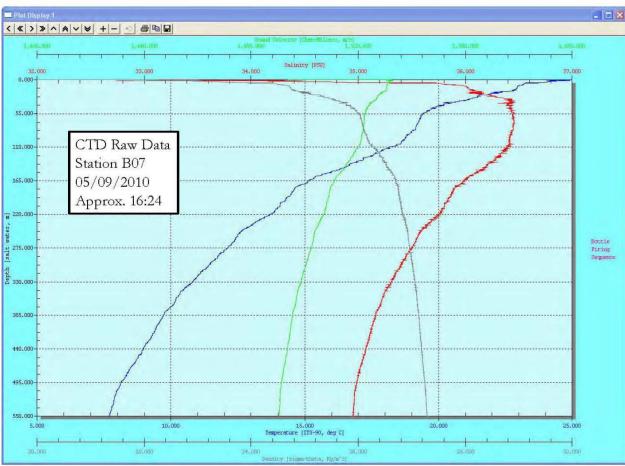


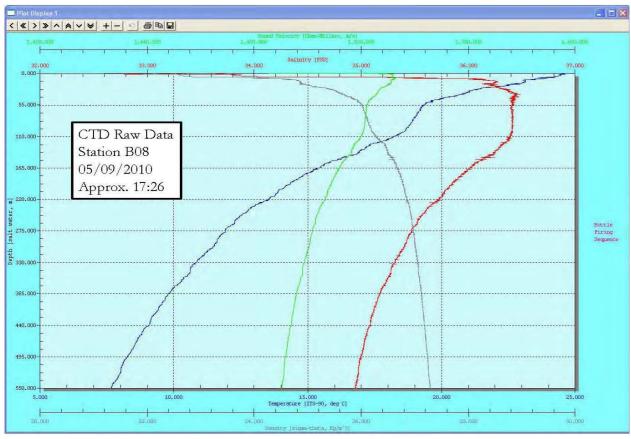


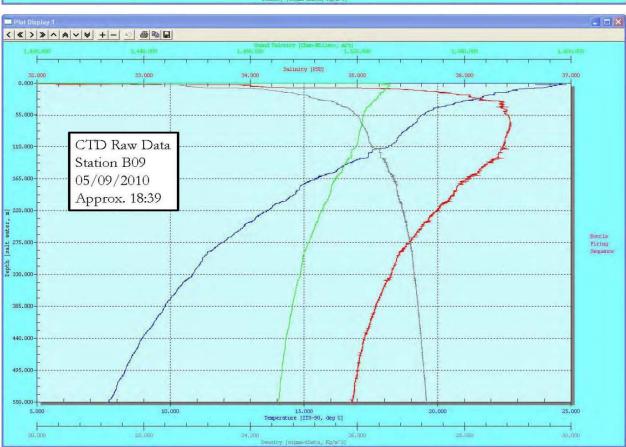


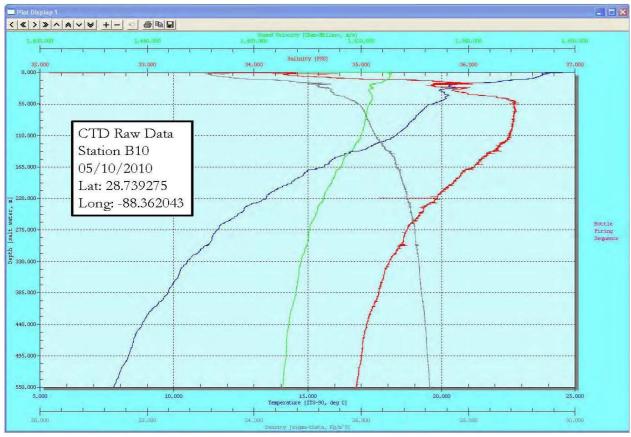


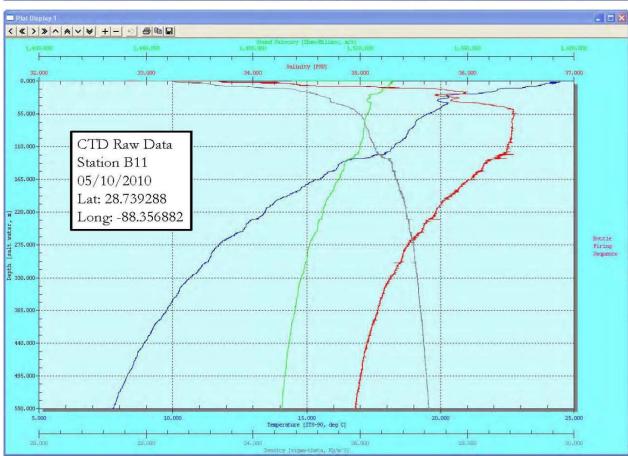


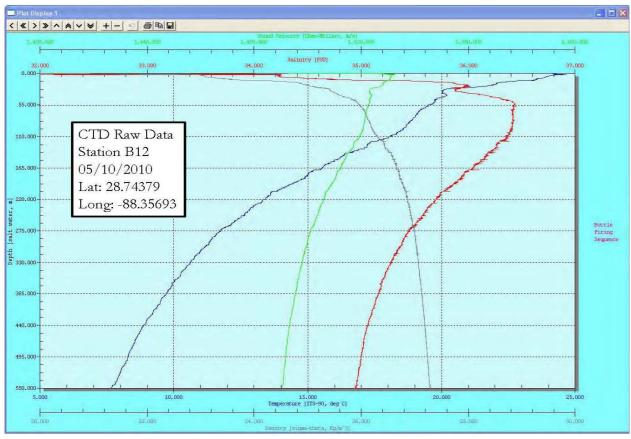


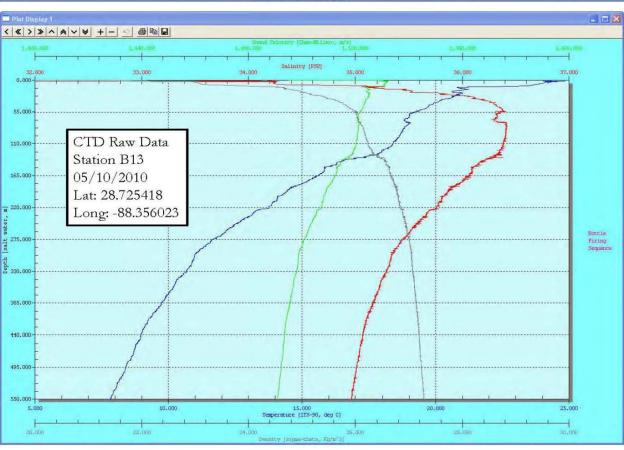


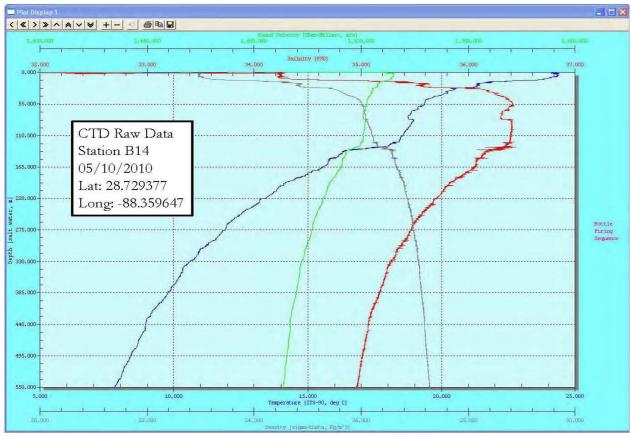


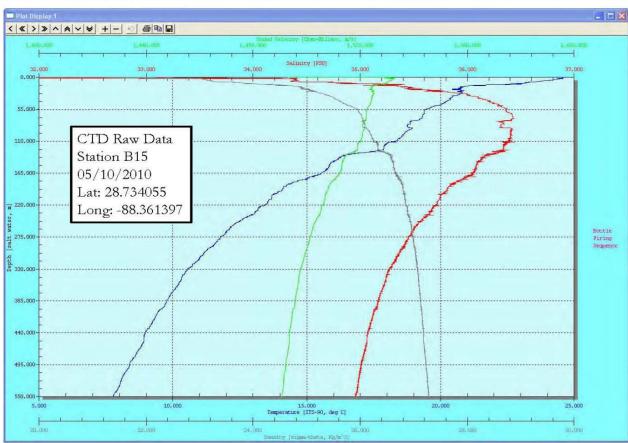


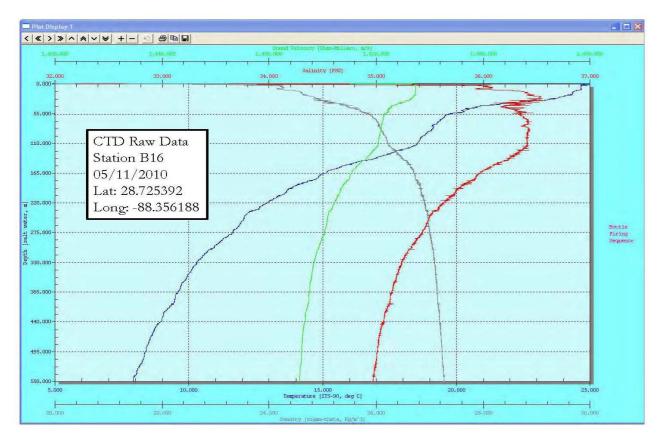


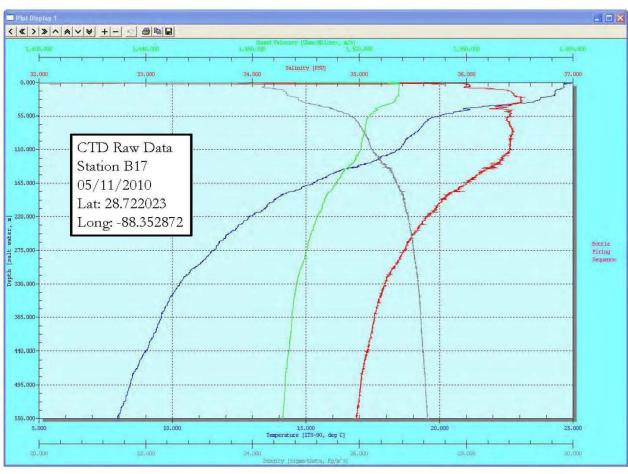


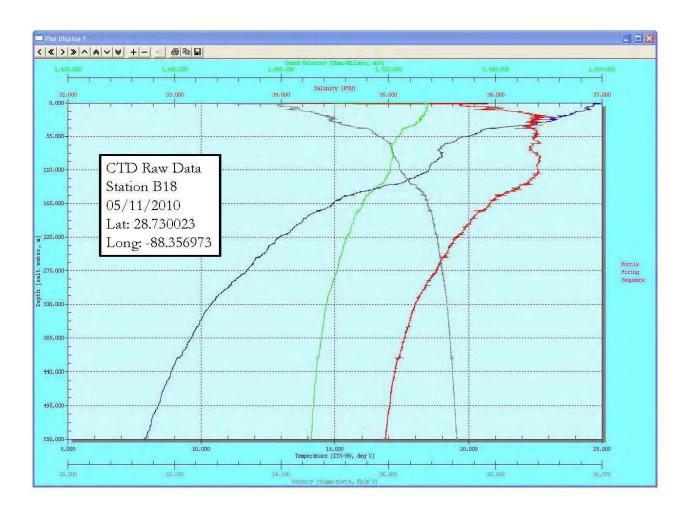












APPENDIX B SAMPLE LOG

Index	Sample_Team	Date	Station	Matrix	Depth_Interval	SampleID	Container Size	Time Collected	Time Deployed	Analysis	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/1)	USST	Notes	Planned Depth (m below surface)	Actual Depth (m below surface)	Water_Depth approx. (m)	Latitude (DDM)	Longitude (DDM)	Lat (DD)	Long (DD)
	Entrix	05/08/10	891	Water	8	B018-A0508-W01	IL.	17:50	17:17	TPH	6.6	2x 4nz		- 1	1.3	1143	28 33,0310	88 50.5202	28,55052	-88,84200
- 2	Entrix	05/08/10	B91	Water	8	E018-A0508-W02	11.	17:50	17:17	TPH		2x 40 z		1	1.3	1149	28 39,0910	88 50.5202	28,55052	-88.84200
	Entrix	05/09/10		Water	D	881D-A0588-W01	IL.	17:33	17:17	TPH	4.2	24 402		550	553.8	1343	28 33.0310	88 50.5202	28,55052	-69,64200
- 2	Entrox	05/08/10	801	Water	D	B01D-A0508-W02	11.	17:33	17:17	TPH		2x 40z	orange tarballs collected with	550	553.8	1148	28.39.0310	88 50.5202	28,55052	-88.84200
- 1	Entrix	09/09/10	B02	00	Α-	B02 A-SP01	Sor	7:40	7:30				net	O		1646	28:45.0499	88 22.2492	28,75089	-88.97082
2	Entrix	05/09/10	B02	08	A	B02A-SP02	6 oz	7:42	7:30				orange tarballs collected with net	0		1646	28 45.0499	88 22.2492	28.75083	-88.37082
	Entrix	05/09/10	2007	Water		BOZE-WAD1	11	8:13	7:30	TON	4.7	20:402	Niskin triggered near water surface due to boat roll		2.2	7646	28.45.0499	88 22.2492	28,75089	-88.97082
		THE PLANE					-	-	500		711		Niskin toggered near water						30000000	
- 2	Entrix	03/09/10		Water	9	B02B-WA02	11.	8;13	7:30			2x 4oz	surface due to boat roll	1	1.1		28 45.0499	88 22.2492	28.75083	-88.37082
	Entrix	05/09/10		Water	4	BO2C-WAD2	11.	9:04 8:04	7:30		4.0	2x 4oz		275	272.4		28 45 0499	88 22.2492	28,75083	-88.97082 -88.97082
	Entrix	05/09/10	200	Water	0	BO2D-WA01	36	7:54	- 1000	TRH	2.4	2x 40 z		550	555.1	1636	26 45,0499	88 22.2492	28,75083	-98.97082
- 2	Entris	05/09/10		Water	0	BO2D WA02	10	7:54	7:30	-	¥13	2x 40 z		550	555.1		28 45.0499	88 22.2492	28.75089	-88.37082
1	Entrox	05/09/10		Water	8	8038-WA01	ii.	10:00	9:22	TPH	9.6	2x 402		1	0.3		28 44,3519	88 21,7209	28,79919	-89L96207
2	Entrix	05/09/10	803	Water	8	B03B-WA02	1L	10:00	9:27	TPH		2x 40z		1	0.3	1646	28 44,3513	88 21.7209	28.73919	-88.36202
- 1	Entrix	05/09/10	803	Water	c .	803 C-WA01	11.	9:52	9:27	TPH.	2,3	2x 4o2		275	272.7	1646	28 44.3513	88.21.7209	28,73919	-88-36202
2	Entrix	05/09/10	803	Water	c	B03C-WA02	1L	9:52	9:27	TPH		2x 402		275	272.7	1646	28 44,3513	88 21.7209	28,73919	-88.36202
1	Entrix	05/09/10	603	Water	0	003 D-W A01	SL.	9:42	5:27	TPH	2.5	2x 402		550	555.9	1646	28 44.3513	88 21.7209	26,73919	-88.36202
2	Entrix	05/09/10	B03	Water	D	B03 D-WA02	11.	9:42	9:27	TPH		2x 4oz	wider collected from bucket of	550	555.9	1646	28 44.3513	88 21.7209	28,73919	-88.36202
	Entrox	05/09/10	804	Water	A	ROGA-WA01	11.	10:37	10:32	TPH		2x 40x	surface water	ם	0.0	1545	28 44.0597	88 21.5192	28.78483	-88.35855
	Entrix	05/09/10				BO4A 5P01	802	10:37	10:32				all sample collected from bucket at surface		0.0		28 44.0597	88 21.5132	28,73433	-88.35855
			1000	OE	A								oil emple collected from bucket							
- 1	Entrix	05/09/10	884	06	A	B84A-SP02	Sor	10:37	10:32				at surface visible sheen on surface of water		0.0	1646	28 44.0597	88 21.5132	28.73433	-88.35855
2	Eritrix	05/09/10	P/14	Water	8	B04B WA01	11.	11:12	10:32	TPH	5.1	2x 40z	in Niskin buttle	1	1.7	1646	28 44,0597	88 21.5132	28.73433	-88.95855
1	Exities	05/05/10	104	Water	in .	BOSE WADZ	2L	11112	10:32	TPH		2x 4oz	visible shees on surface of water in Nesten bottle	1	1.2	1640	28 44.0597	88 21.5132	28,78489	-835,35855
	Entrix	05/05/10	D0.4	Water	a .	B04B-WA03	tu.	11:12	10:32	TOLL		2x 4oz	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle		1.7	1545	28 44,0597	88 21.5132	28,73433	-88.35855
- 1	Fritris	05/09/10	2000	Water	-	B04C WA01	11	11:04	10:32	TPH	3.1	2s 4oz	in also rootile	275	277.5	-	28 44,0597	88 71.5132	28.73433	-88,35855
2	Entrix	05/09/10		Water	c	B04C-WA02	11.	11:04	10:92	TPH		2x 40 z		275	272.6		28 44,0597	88 21.5132	28,73433	-88,95855
1	Entrick	05/09/10	DB 4	Water	0	804D-WA01	10-	10:55	10:32	TPH	2.4	2x 40 z		550	555.4	1546	28 44.0597	88 21.5132	28,73433	-88.35855
- 2	Entrix	05/09/10	B84	Water	D	884D-WA82	31.	10:55	10:32	TPH		24 402		550	353.4	1040	28 44.0597	88 71.5132	28,73433	-88,95855
													os sample collected on sorbent pad from bucket of surface							
1	Entrix	05/09/10	805	Oil	Α.	805 A-SP01	8 0 Z		13:25				water oil sample collected on sorbent	0	0.0	1646	28 49,6601	88 21.1938	28.72767	-68.35323
													pad from bucket of surface							
2	Entrice	05/09/10	005	00	A	B05 A-5P02	0 0Z		13:25				water visible sheen on surface of water		0.0	1646	26 43,6601	88 21.1938	26,72767	-88.35323
	Entrix	05/09/10	B85	Water	5	B05 B-WA01	11.	13:34	13:11	TPH	4.5	24.402	in Niskin bottle		1.9	1545	28 43.6601	88 21,1938	28,72767	-88.35323
2	Entrix	05/09/10	B05	Water	8	B05 B-W A02	11.	13:34	13:11	TPH		2x 4oz	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	1	1.9	1646	28 43.6601	88 21.1938	28.72767	-88.35323
	Entrix	05/05/10	noc	Water		805 B-W A03	31	13:34	13:11	TOL		2x 401	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle		10	1666	26 43.6601	88 21.1938	28,72767	-88.35323
	Entrox	05/09/10		Water	c	B05 C-WA01	11	13:26	13:11	TPH	24	2x 402	In resembly the	275	273.3		28 49,6601	88 21.1938	28,72767	-88.35323
	Entina	05/05/10	Same S	Water		BOSC WAD2	Ti .	19:26	19:11	TPH	3.4	24 402		275	273.3		28.43.6601	88 21,1938	28,72767	-88.85329
	Entrox	05/09/10		Water	0	805 D-W A01	11	13:16	13:11	TRH	19	2x 40z		550	555,4		28 49,6601	88 21,1938	28,72767	-88.95929
	Entrix	05/09/10		Water		BOSD-WADI	11	13:16	13:11	TEH	1/8	2x 402		550	555.4	7,000	28 43.6601	88 21, 1938	28,72767	-88,35323
		-7.002234774				V1/2-7-11-13-11		9,5,000	1054.3		150		visible sheen on surface of water	336				V-12-5710-00-5		
- 2	Entrix	05/09/10	EUn.	Water	8	B06 B-W A03	14.	14:45	14:11	TPH	2.8	2x 402	in Niskin bottle Visible sheen on surface of water	1	1.2	1646	28 45.7208	88 21,4001	28,76201	-88,35067
1	Entrix	05/09/10	806	Water	8	B06 B-W A02	1L	14:45	14:11	TPH		2x 40z	in Niskin bottle	1	1.2	1646	28 45.7208	88 21.4001	28,76201	-88.35667
2	Entrix	05/09/10	806	Water	8	BO6B-WAR3	11.	14:45	14:11	трн		2x 4nz	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	- 1	1.2	1646	28 45.7208	88 21,4001	28,76201	-88.35667
- 1	Entrice	05/09/10	B06	Water	¢ .	806 C-WAR1	11.	14:37	14:11	TPH	3.6	2x 40z		275	273.0	1646	28 45.7208	88 21,4001	28.76201	-88.35667
- 2	Entrix	05/09/10	B06	Water	c	R06 C WA02	11.	14:37	14:11	TPH		2x 402		275	273.0	1646	28 45.7208	88 21.4001	28,76201	-88.35667

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Index	Sample_Team	Date	Station	Matrix	Depth_Interval	SampleID	Container Size	Time Collected	Time Deployed	Analysis	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/1)	USST	Notes	Planned Depth (m below surface)	Actual Depth (m below surface)	Water_Depth approx. (m)	Latitude (DDM)	Longitude (DDM)	Lat (DD)	Long (DD)
- 1	Entrix	05/09/10	B06	Water	0	BO6D-WA01	St.	14:27	14:11	TPH	4.0	2x 402		550	555.0	1646	28 45,7208	88 21,4001	28,76201	-88.35657
- 2	Entrix	05/09/10	806	Water	0	B06 D-W A02	1U	14:27	14:11	TPH		2x 40 z		550	555.0	1646	26 45.7208	88 21,4001	28.76201	-88.35667
. 3	Entrix	05/09/10	807	Water		B078-WA01	11.	16:56	16:24	трн	4.1	2x 40 z	visible sheets on surface of water in Niskin bottle	- 1	1.4	1646	28 45.7129	88 29,0111	28.76188	-88.38352
13	Entrix	05/09/10	807	Water	8	B07 B-W A02	11.	16:56	16:24	TPH		2x 402	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle		1.4			88 29.0111	28,76188	-88.38352
	Entrie	05/05/10		Water		B078-WA03	1.0	16:56	16:24	WKOVII.			visible sheen on surface of water in Nickin buttle	12			28 45.7129	88 23.0111	28.76188	88,38352
-	Entrix	05/09/10	-	Water	c	807 C-WA01	11	16:50	16:24	TOW	2.8	2x 4oz	in or exturing	275	272.0		28 45.7129	88 23.0111	28.76188	-88.38352
1	Entrix	05/09/10	-	Water	0	807 D-WA01	10.	16:40	16:24	TOH	30	24.402		550	556.8	-	28 45,7129	Name and Address of	28.75188	-86.36352
	Later in	0.000 400				DOT DE SETON		40.70	10117			AND THE	oil sample collected on sorbent	330		20110	20-0.722		***************************************	-50.35334
	Entrice	05/09/10	808	08	A	B08 A-SP01	Soz	17:45	17:45				pad from bucket of surface water	0	0.0	1646	28 45.7129	86 23.0111	28.76188	-88.38352
	Entrix	05/09/10	808	Water	à	888 B-W A01	26	16:02	17:26	TPH	5.4	24.402	light visible sheem on surface of Niskin bottle	- 1	1.4	1646	28 45:7129	88 23.0111	28.76188	-88.38352
		1											light visible sheen on surface of		1000					
-	Entrox	05/09/10		Water	6	B08 E-W A02	26	18:02	17:26	TOH	37	24 412	Niskin bottle	275	272.0	-	28 45,7129 28 45,7129	88 29,0111 88 23,0111	28.76188 28.76188	-88.38352 -88.38352
- 3	Entrix	05/09/10	_	Water	c	B88 C-WA02	11.	17:54	17:26	TPH				275			28 45,7129		28.76188	-88.38352
_ 1	Entrix	05/05/10		Water	o o	B88 D-W A81	11.	17:45	17:26	TPH	3.0	2x 40 Z		550	555.8		28 45.7129		28.76188	-68.38352
- 2	Entrix	05/09/10	808	Water	D	E08 D-W A02	14	17:45	17:25	TPH			VISITE SEES ON SURFACE OF WATER	550	955.8	1646	28 45.7129	88 29,0111	28.76188	-88,38352
3	Entrix	05/09/10	809	Water	8	B09E-WA01	1L	19:14	18:39	TPH	4.2	ZX 402	in Niskin bottle visible sheen on surface of water	1	1.7	1546	28 44,2959	86 23.0048	28.73828	-68,38341
- 2	Entrix	05/09/10	809	Water	В	B09 B-WA02	11.	19:14	18:39	TPH			in Niskin bottle	- 3	1.7	1646	28 44,2969	88 29,0048	28.73828	-88.38341
	Entrix	05/09/10	209	Water	8	B098-WAR3	21.	19:14	18:39	T794			visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin buttle	21	1.7	1646	28 44,2969	88 23.0048	28,73828	-88,38341
- 2	Entrix	05/09/10	809	Water	c	809 C-WA01	11.	19:05	18:39	TPH	2.6	2x 40 z		275	272.0	1646	28 44,2969	88 23,0048	28.73828	-88.38341
- 1	Entrox	05/09/10		Water	e .	B09C-WA02	11.	19:05	18:39	TPH				275	272,0	1646	28 44,2969	88 23,0048	28.73928	-88.38341
	Entrix Entrix	05/09/10		Water	5	809 D-W A01 809 D-W A07	11.	18:57	18:39	TPH	340	2x 402		550	554.0 554.0		28 44,2969 28 44,2969	88 23,0048 88 23,0048	28,73828 28,73828	-88,38341 -88,38341
_	Entrix	05/10/10	B10	Of	A	B10 A SP01	80Z	10:45	10:40	1,1-27			sorbent pad	0	0.0	1646	28 44.3565	88 21.7226	28,73928	-88.36204
- 1	Entrox	05/10/10	810	Oil	A	B10 A-5P02	Sor	10:45	10:40				sorbent pad 1mm-2mm tarballs on surface.		0.0	1646	28 44,3555	88 21.7225	28,73928	-88.36204
- 2	Entrox	05/10/10		Water	٨	B10A-WA01	cup	10:47	10:25			сир	Light sheen on water surface		0.0			88 21.7226	28,73928	-88,36204
- 1	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	ā	BIOR-WAOI	11.	10:57	10:25	TPH	2.0	cup	CONTRACTOR	1	15		28 44.3565	88 21,7225	28.73928	88.96204
2	Entrix	05/10/10	810	Water	8	B10B-WA02	cup	10:57	10:25			cup	USST sample only visible sheen on surface of water	- 1	1.5	1646	28 44,3565	88 21.7225	28.73928	-88.36204
- 1	Entrax	01/10/10	810	Water	c .	B10C-WA01	14	10:50	10:25	TPH	2.9	cup	in Niskin bottle	275	272.5	1646	28 44,3505	88 21.7226	28,73928	488.96204
13	Entrix	05/10/10	B10	Water	c	B10 C-WA02	cup	10:50	10:25			cup	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	275	272.5	1646	28 44.3565	88 21.7226	28.73928	-88.36204
											9		visible sheen on surface of water							
12	Entrix	05/10/10	B10	Water	D	B10D-WAB1	11	10:40	10:25	TPH	5.0	cup	in Niskin bottle	550	556,9	1546	26 44.3565	88 21.7225	28.73928	-88.35204
- 3	Entrix	05/10/10	810	Water	0	B10 D-W A02	cup	10:40	10:25			cup	USST sample only	550	556.9	1646	28 44,3565	88 21,7226	28,73928	-88.36204
-	Entroc	05/10/10	811	oé.	Α.	B11A-SP01	802	11:45	11:95				smad far balls and stringy mucous-like substance	,	0.0	1646	28 44.3573	88 21.4129	28,73929	-88.95689
	Entrix	05/10/10		O.E.		B11A-SP02	807	11:55	11:35				small tar balls and stringy mucous-like substance		0.0		28 44.3573	88 21,4129	28,73929	-82.35688
	Fritrix	05/10/10		Water	A .	B11A-SP02	DUD.	12:00	11:35	TOW		erin.	LIBST sample only		0.0		28 44.3573	88 21,4129	28.73929	-88,35688
-	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	0	B118-WA01	21.	10:06	11:35	TPH	22	cup	Court Straight Straight	3	1.9			88 21,4129	28,73929	-88.35688
	Entrix	05/10/10	1000	Water	В	B11B-WA02	cup	12:00	11:35			tup	USST sample only	-1	1.9		28 44,3573	88 21,4129	28.73929	-88.35688
	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	c	B11C-WA01	31	12:02	11:95	тры	2.0	cuo	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	275	272.1		28 44.3573	88 21,4129	28,73929	-88.35688
-										1.60	2.0	-30	visible sheen on surface of water							
2	Entrix Entrix	05/10/10		Water	C.	B11C-WA02	tup	12:02	11:35	TDH	3.8	cup	in Niskin bottle	275 550	272.1 556.5	1040	28 44,3573	88 21,4129	28.73929	-88.35688
	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	0	B11D-WAS1	CUD.	11:51	11:35	1971	3.8	COD		550	556.5 556.5		28 44,3573	88 21,4129	28.73929 28.73929	-88,35686 -88,35686
19	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	A	B110-WA02 B12A-WA01	tup)	13:10	13:10	TPH		CUD	thick oil on water surface	250	0.0			88 21,4129	28,73929	-88.35688
3	Entrox	05/10/10		OI	A	B12A-5P01	8 ez	13:10	13:10				thick oil on water surface		0.0		28 44,5274	Contract Contract	28,74379	-88.35693
7	Entrix	05/10/10		oil	Α	B12A-SPO2	8 oz	18:10	19:10				thick all on water surface	0	0.0		28 44,6274		28,74379	-88,95699
	Entrix	05/10/10	812	Water	8	B128-WAP1	St.	18:16	12:42	ТРН	3.0	curo	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle		20	3646	28 44,5274	88 21.415E	28.74979	49,35693

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	Sample_Team	Date	Station	Matrix	Depth_Interval	SampleID	Container Size	Time Collected	Time Deployed	Analysis	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	LISST	Notes	Planned Depth (m below	Actual Depth (m below surface)	Water_Depth approx. (m)	Latitude (DDM)	Longitude (DDM)	Lat (DD)	Long (DD)
Index	Entrix	05/10/10	B12	Water	В	B12B-WA02	cup	13:16	12:42			cun	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	surface)	20		28 44.6274	88 21.4158	28.74379	-88.35693
-	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	c	B12C-WA01	11	13:09	12:42	тры	3.2	cup	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	275	271.6		28 44.6274	88 21.4158	28.74379	-88.35693
2	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	C	B12C-WA02	cup	13:09	12:42			cup	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	275	271.6		28 44.6274	88 21.4158	28.74379	-88.35693
1	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	D	B12D-WA01	11	12:59	12:42	TOU	24	cup	No visible sheen on Niskin	550	556.8		28 44.6274	88 21.4158	28.74379	-88.35693
1	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	D	B12D-WA02	cup	12:59	12:42	0.00	. 3.4	cup	No visible sheen on Niskin	550	556.8		28 44.6274	88 21.4158	28.74379	-88.35693
2	Entrix	05/10/10		Oil	A	B13A-SP01	8 oz	14:33	14:26		,		Thick black oil on surface	0	0.0		28 43.5251	88 21.3614	28.72542	-88.35602
1	Entrix	05/10/10	B13	Oil	A	B13A-SP02	8 oz	14:33	14:26				Thick black oil on surface	0	0.0	1646	28 43.5251	88 21.3614	28.72542	-88.35602
2	Entrix	05/10/10	B13	Water	A	B13 A-WA01	1L	14:33	14:26	TPH		cup	Thick black oil on surface visible sheen on surface of water		0.0	1646	28 43.5251	88 21.3614	28.72542	-88.35602
1	Entrix	05/10/10	B13	Water	В	B13B-WA01	1L	14:58	14:26	TPH	3.0	cup	in Niskin bottle	1	1.4	1646	28 43.5251	88 21.3614	28.72542	-88.35602
2	Entrix	05/10/10	B13	Water	В	B13B-WA02	cup	14:58	14:26			cup	LISST only visible sheen on surface of water	1	1.4	1646	28 43.5251	88 21.3614	28.72542	-88.35602
1	Entrix	05/10/10	B13	Water	С	B13C-WA01	1L	14:52	14:26	TPH	2.0	cup	in Niskin bottle	275	273.0	1646	28 43.5251	88 21.3614	28.72542	-88,35602
2	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	С	B13 C-WA02	cup	14:52	14:26			cup	LISST only	275	273.0	1	28 43.5251	88 21.3614	28,72542	-88.35602
1	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	D	B13D-WA01	1L	14:42		TPH	2.4	cup	no visible sheen	550	556.0		28 43.5251	88 21.3614	28.72542	-88.35602
2	Entrix	05/10/10	B13	Water	D	B13D-WA02	cup	14:42	14:26			cup	LISST only	550	556.0	83.67	28 43.5251	88 21.3614	28.72542	-88.35602
1	Entrix	05/10/10	No. of Co.	Oil	Α	B14A-SP01 B14A-SP02	8 oz	15:35					heavy, thick, black emulsified oil heavy, thick, black emulsified oil	0			28 43.7626 28 43.7626	88 21.5788 88 21.5788	28.72938 28.72938	-88.35965 -88.35965
1	Entrix	05/10/10	Same a	Water	Δ	B14A-WA01	11	15:35		TPH		cun	heavy, thick, black emulsified oil	0	0.0	70000	28 43.7626	88 21.5788	28.72938	-88.35965
2	Entrix	05/10/10		Water		B14B-WA01	11	16:02	15:27		20	cup	visible sheen on surface of water in niskin bottle	1	1.6		28 43,7626	88 21.5788	28.72938	-88.35965
	Entrix	05/10/10									2.0		visible sheen on surface of water	Î	1.0					
1				Water	В	B14B-WA02	cup	16:02	15:27	per 10%		cup	in niskin bottle visible sheen on surface of water	1	1.5	-20	28 43.7626	88 21.5788	28,72938	-88.35965
2	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	С	B14C-WA01	1L	15:53	15:27	TPH	1.1	cup	in niskin bottle visible sheen on surface of water	275	272,3		28 43.7626	88 21.5788	28.72938	-88.35965
1	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	С	B14C-WA02	cup	15:53	15:27			cup	in niskin bottle	275	272.3		28 43.7626	88 21.5788	28.72938	-88.35965
2	Entrix	05/10/10	20000	Water	D'	B14D-WA01	1L	15:44	15:27	TPH	4.2	cup		550	554.6		28 43.7626	88 21.5788	28.72938	-88.35965
1	Entrix Entrix	05/10/10	B14	Water	٥	B14D-WA02 B15A-SP01	cup 8 oz	15:44 16:40	15:27 16:35			cup	tar-like, very sticky	550	554.6		28 43.7626	88 21.5788 88 21.6838	28,72938	-88.35965 -88.36140
1	Entrix	05/10/10		Oil	Δ.	B15 A-SP02	8 0 Z	16:45	16:43				sticks to glass jar	0	0.0	1646	28 44.0433	88 21.6838	28.73406	-88.36140
	Entrix	05/10/10		Water		B15 A-WA01	11	16:42	16:35	TOU		cup	agglomerated oil separates quickly, tar-like surface		0.0	1546	28 44,0433	88 21.6838	28.73406	-88.36140
1	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	B	B15B-WA01	11	16:58	16:25	трн	73	cup	light sheen		1.5	1646	28 44.0433	88 21.6838	28.73406	-88.36140
2	Entrix	05/10/10		Water	В	B15 B-W A02	1L	16:58	16:25		2.70	cup	LISST only	1	1.5		28 44.0433	88 21.6838	28.73406	-88.36140
1	Entrix	05/10/10	B15	Water	С	B15 C-WA01	1L	16:52	16:25	TPH	1.3	cup	light sheen	275	272.2	1646	28 44.0433	88 21.6838	28.73406	-88.36140
2	Entrix	05/10/10	B15	Water	С	B15 C-WA02	1L	16:52	16:25			cup	LISST only	275	272.2	1646	28 44.0433	88 21.6838	28.73406	-88.36140
1	Entrix	05/10/10	B15	Water	D	B15 D-W A01	1L	16:41	16:25	TPH	2.8	cup	No sheen	550	556.6	1646	28 44.0433	88 21.6838	28.73406	-88.36140
2	Entrix	05/10/10	B15	Water	D	B15 D-W A02	1L	16:41	16:25			cup	LISST only	550	556.6	1646	28 44.0433	88 21.6838	28.73406	-88.36140
1	Entrix	05/11/10	B16	Water	A	B16 A-WA01	cup	7:30				cup	LISST only sorbent pad, patches of foam	0	0.0	1646	28 43.5235	88 21.3713	28.72539	-88,35619
2	Entrix	05/11/10	B16	Oil	A	B16 A-SP01	8 oz	7:30					and thin sheen. sorbent pad, patches of foam	0	0.0	1646	28 43.5235	88 21.3713	28.72539	-88.35619
1	Entrix	05/11/10	B16	Oil	A	B16 A-SP02	8 oz	7:30					and thin sheen.	0	0.0	1646	28 43.5235	88 21.3713	28.72539	-88.35619
2	Entrix	05/11/10		Water	В	B16B-WA01	1L	7:54	7:20	TPH	2.6	cup		1	1.6	1646	28 43.5235	88 21.3713	28.72539	-88.35619
1	Entrix	05/11/10		Water	В	B16B-WA02	cup	7:54	7:20			cup	LISST only	1	1.6		28 43.5235	88 21.3713	28.72539	-88.35619
2	Entrix	05/11/10		Water	C	B16 C-WA01	1L	7:46	7:20	TPH	1.2	cup	reason of Ea	275	273.0		28 43.5235	88 21.3713	28.72539	-88.35619
1	Entrix	05/11/10		Water	G	B16 C-WA02	cup	7:46	7:20	escenti.	1999	cup	LISST only	275	273.0		28 43.5235	88 21.3713	28.72539	-88.35619
2	Entrix	05/11/10		Water	D	B16 D-W A01	1L	7:36	7:20	TPH	1.3	cup	uner sat.	550	555.8		28 43.5235	88 21.3713	28.72539	-88.35619
1	Entrix			Water	D.	B16D-WA02	cup	7:36	7:20			cup	LISST only, sheen visible on	550	555.8		28 43.5235	88 21.3713	28.72539	-88.35619
2	Entrix	05/11/10		Water	A	B17 A-WA01	cup	9:16				cup	surface of water visible sheen on surface of water	0	0.0		28 43.3214	88 21.1723	28.72202	-88.35287
1	Entrix	05/11/10	B17	Water	В	B17B-WA01	1L	9:11	8:38	TPH	3.2	cup	in Niskin bottle	1	1.6	1546	28 43.3214	88 21.1723	28.72202	-88.35287

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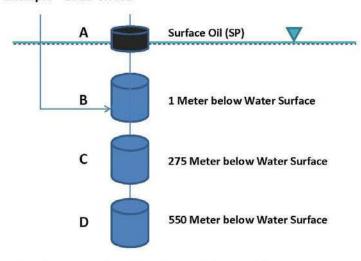
Mississippi Canyon 252 R/V Brooks McCall Sampling

Index	Sample_Team	Date	Station	Matrix	Depth_Interval	SampleID	Container Size	Time Collected	Time Deployed	Analysis	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	LISST	Notes	Planned Depth (m below surface)	Actual Depth (m below surface)		Latitude (DDM)	Longitude (DDM)	Lat (DD)	Long (DD)
3	Entrix	05/11/10	B17	Water	В	B17 B-W A02	cup	9:11	8:38			cup	LISST only	1	1.6	1646	28 43.3214	88 21.1723	28.72202	-88.35287
	Entrix	05/11/10	B17	Water	C	B17 C-W A01	1L	9:04	8:38	TPH	1.0	cup	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	275	272.7	1646	28 43.3214	88 21.1723	28.72202	-88.35287
- 2	Entrix	05/11/10	B17	Water	С	B17 C-WA02	cup	9:04	8:38			cup	LISST only	275	272.7	1646	28 43.3214	88 21.1723	28.72202	-88,35287
1	Entrix	05/11/10	B17	Water	D	B17D-WA01	11.	8:54	8:38	TPH	1,0	cup	no visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	550	555.7	1646	28 43.3214	88 21.1723	28.72202	-88.35287
1 2	Entrix	05/11/10	B17	Water	D	B17 D-W A02	cup	8:54	8:38			cup	LISST only	550	555.7	1646	28 43.3214	88 21.1723	28.72202	-88.35287
1	Entrix	05/11/10	B18	Water	A	B18 A-WA01	cup	9:58	9:57			cup:	LISST only, light sheen visible on surface of water	0	0.0	1646	28 43.8014	88 21.4184	28.73002	-88.35697
	Entrix	05/11/10	B18	Water	В	B18B-WA01	1L	10:31	9:57	TPH	2.0	cup	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	1	1.8	1646	28 43.8014	88 21.4184	28.73002	-88.35697
1	Entrix	05/11/10	B18	Water	В	B18B-WA02	cup	10:31	9:57			сир	LISST only	1	1.8	1646	28 43.8014	88 21.4184	28.73002	-88.35697
-	Entrix	05/11/10	B18	Water	С	B18 C-WA01	1L	10:23	9:57	ТРН	1.9	cup	visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	275	272.8	1646	28 43.8014	88 21.4184	28.73002	-88.35697
1	Entrix	05/11/10	B18	Water	c	B18 C-W A02	cup	10:23	9:57			сир	LISST only	275	272.8	1646	28 43.8014	88 21.4184	28.73002	-88.35697
- 2	Entrix	05/11/10	B18	Water	D	B18 D-W A01	1L	10:14	9:57	TPH	1.0	cup	no visible sheen on surface of water in Niskin bottle	550	555.6	1646	28 43.8014	88 21.4184	28.73002	-88.35697
	Entrix	05/11/10	B18	Water	D	B18D-WA02	cup	10:14	9:57			cup	LISST only	550	555.6	1646	28 43.8014	88 21.4184	28.73002	-88.35697

Sample Scheme

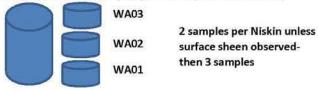
		Example:
Station	B = Brooks McCall + Numbered Station	B01
Depth Interval	A = Surface Interval, B, C, D increasing depth	В
Matrix	WA = Water; SP = Surface Petroleum (Oil)	WA
Subsample ID	Sample # per Niskin bottle	WA01

Sample ID = Station + Depth Interval + "-" + Matrix + Sample ID Example= B01B-WA01



Niskin bottles are closed from bottom (D) to top (B)

2 1L Amber Jar Water Samples per Niskin (WA01 and WA02)



5/13/2010

CTD

Files Description

.con serial number of SeaBird 55/25. SBE55 & SBE25 and contains configuration

.afm bottle information from SBE55

.asc tabular raw ascii conversion from cnv

.cnv conversion to text from .hex
.hdr CTD header information
.hex Instrument recorded raw data

.ros contains unprocessed but averaged depth and time bottle information

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Revision date: May 13, 2010

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Sample Tracking Spreadsheet

Spreadificet
Group collected samples
Date sample collected
Station
Matrix of collected sample
Sample ID composed of Station + Depth Interval + "-" + Matrix + Sample Increment
Size of container for analysis.
Time sample gathered from source media (water sample bottles closes) from CTD
Time sampler deployed from CTD
Type of Analysis to be performed
Ship-board Dissolved Oxygen test kit
Were samples collected for LISST analysis by DFO Canada?
Special Notes
Planned depth below water surface for sample collection
Actual depth based on CTD
Latitude from R/V Brooks-McCall in Degrees Decimal Minutes
Longitude from R/V Brooks-McCall in Degrees Decimal Minutes
Latitude calculated in Decimal Degrees to make GIS people happy
Longitude calculated in Decimal Degrees to make GIS people happy
Approximate water depth in fathoms from Chart # 11360 (115A) from R/V Brooks McCall

LISST Data Files

Fluorometer Data Files

Date	Stations sampled for Water	Stations where surface oil sample collected	Oil Samples total	Dissolved Oxygen samples	1L water Samples for analysis	sample intervals sampled by LISST
5/8/2010	1	0	0	2	4	4
5/9/2010	8	4	7	23	51	44
5/10/2010	6	6	12	15	25	36

5/11/2010

Totals	15	10	19	40	80	84	